The North Carolinian.

VOLUME IV. ELIZABETH CITY, N. C., WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 20, 1872. NUMBER 22.

NORTH CAROLINIAN

PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY,

BY PALEMON JOHN.

Office on North-east corner of Main and Road Sts.

TERMS:—Two Dollars a year, in Advance. If not paid in advance $2,50 will be charged.

RATES OF ADVERTISING:

	1w.	2w.	4w.	2m.	3m.	6m.	1yr.
1 inch	$1 00	$1 50	$2 50	$4 00	$5 00	$8 00	$12 00
2 inches	2 00	3 00	4 00	6 00	8 00	12 00	20 00
3 inches	2 50	4 00	6 00	8 00	12 00	18 00	25 00
4 inches	3 50	5 00	7 00	10 00	15 00	19 50	30 00
¼ col'n	5 00	7 00	9 00	11 00	15 00	20 00	35 00
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1 col'n	12 00	16 00	20 00	25 00	35 00	60 00	100 00

BUSINESS AND PROFESSIONAL CARDS inserted in the directory for two dollars a year for the first two lines. One dollar for each additional line.

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No Paper or Advertisement discontinued until arrearages are paid, unless at the option of the publisher.

All transient advertisements and job work must be paid for when ordered.

Persons lifting and using the papers addressed to others, become subscribers and are liable for the price of the paper.

☞ Post Office Money Orders we consider perfectly safe, and the best means of remitting. Registered Letters, under the new system, are a very safe means of sending small sums of money where P. O. Money Orders cannot be easily obtained. We will not be responsible for money sent in any other way.

ELIZABETH CITY DIRECTORY.

PROFESSIONAL.

W. GRANDY, Jr., attorney at law, office on Main street, south side. v1n1-1y

L. COBB, attorney and counsellor at law, Main st. opposite "Carolinian" office. v1n1-1y

JAMES L. BALL, attorney and counsellor at law, office east side Road street, three doors from Main. v1n1-1y

R. W. G. POOL, physician and surgeon, at his residence, south Main st. v1n1-1y

R. L. K. SAUNDERS, physician and surgeon, Main street, opposite Baptist Church. v1n1-1y

R. JOSEPH COMMANDER—office Road street, near Leather Hill; residence, Ehringhaus st. v1n1-1y

R. R. K. SPEED, physician, office over Green & Fearing's store, cor. Road and Ehringhaus sts. v1n1-1y

R. R. H. McINTOSH, physician, office Road street, formerly old Post Office. v1n1-1y

R. I. T. ANDREWS, Dentist, office in North Carolinian building. v1n51-1y.

CLOCKS, WATCHES, &c.

FRANK M. COOK, watches, clocks, &c., &c., Road st., east side, near Main. v1n1-1y

DRUGS, CHEMICALS, &c.

J. Q. ETHERIDGE & Bro. drugs, chemicals, paints, oils, &c., northeast corner Road and Fearing sts. v1n1-1y

R. JAMES N. BUTT, drugs, chemicals, paints, oils &c South West corner Church and Road Sts. 45-1y

R. KREBS & CO., drugs, paints, oils &c. South East corner of Main and Road Sts. 45-1y

MERCHANTS AND GROCERS.

LAND AND LUMBER CO. OF N. C., dealers in real estate, lumber, shingles and general merchandise, water street, south of Main. v1n1-1y

ZENAS FEARING, dry goods, groceries, boots, shoes, &c., corner Road and Ehringhaus sts. v1n1-1y

S. WEISEL, ladies dress goods, clothing, hats, boots and shoes, corner Main and Water sts. v1n1-1y

C. GREEN, hardware and general assortment of goods, northeast corner Road and Church sts. v1n1-1y

D. B. BRADFORD, wholesale and retail grocer, No. 55 Road street. v1n1-1y

W. W. BROWN, Groceries, Liquors &c., also, Bowling Alley, Main St. near the Market. 47-1y.

WM. STEGER, baker, confectionery, groceries, &c., Road st., opposite Col. Martin's office. v1n1-1y

SURVEYING.

W. H. Weatherly. Topographical Drawing and Surveying in all its branches.

HOTELS.

PENNSYLVANIA HOUSE, Jos. G. Russell, proprietor. Boarding and lodging. Main st., west of Road. n2-1y

PENDLETON HOTEL, T. D. Pendleton, pro'r, Water st opposite Clark's Agricultural Warehouse. v1n1-1y

LIVERY STABLES

A. L. JONES, livery stables, old stand, Main street. v1n1-1y

C. B. BROTHERS, Livery Stables, east side Road st. south of Church. v1n1-1y

MISCELLANEOUS.

MRS. SARAH LABOYTEAUX, milliner, southwest corner Road and Main sts. v1n1-1y

NORTH CAROLINA MANUFACTURING, LOAN AND TRUST CO'S BANKING HOUSE, one door east of the office of the "North Carolinian." v1n1-1y

GEO. M. SCOTT, life, fire and marine insurance agent, southeast corner Main and Elliott sts. v1n1-1y

JAMES L. SMITHSON practical house painter, Road st., near Main. v1n1-1y

GEO. W. BELL, gun and lock smith, Road street, two doors south of Main. v1n1-1y

W. H. CLARK, Agricultural Depot, dealer in agricultural implements, Water st. v1n1-1y

C. DAWSON'S Galery of Art, over Butt's Drug Store, Road street. 5—1y.

I. O. O. F.—Achoree Lodge, I. O. O. F., meets at their Hall over Mr. Q. Etheridge's Drug Store, every Thursday evening—in Summer at 7½, and in Winter, 6¾.

OFFICIAL DIRECTORY.

ELIZABETH CITY.

Charter election on the first Monday of May.—Meeting of the Board of Commissioners, afternoon of the first Monday of each month. Mayor—George W. Cobb. Commissioners—T. A. Commander, J. H. Ziegler, J. Russel Bass, Lancaster Brothers and Jno. Ballance Treasurer—Geo. W. Bell. Attorney, J. H. Shaw. Clerk—Jos. Commander. Collector—J. H. Miskell. Constable—J. H. Miskell. Auctioneer—A L Jones.

POST OFFICE—W. A. Price, Postmaster.

CHURCHES.—First M E Church, Rev S. S. Lambeth Pastor.—Sunday services at 11 o'clock, a. m. and 7 p. m.—S. School at 9 o'clock, a. m.—Christ Church (Episcopal), Rev M. H. Vaughan Rector.—Sunday School at 9 a. m. Services 10½ a. m., and 4½ p. m. Service in chapel for colored people at 8 p. m.—Baptist Church, Rev R. R. Overby.—Sunday services at 7½ o'clock, p. m. and on the fourth Sunday of each month at 11 o'clock, a. m. Sunday School at 9 a. m.; Prayer Meeting on Sunday mornings (except fourth Sunday), after school.—Zion A. M. E Church, Rev W H Pitts, Pastor.—Sunday services at 11 o'clock, a. m., and at 8 and 8 p. m. Sunday School at 9 a. m. Friends Meeting every Sabbath at 3 o'clock, P. M., at the house of Dr. Wm. Underwood.

LODGES.—Achoree, Lodge No 14, I O of O F.—Meets every Thursday evening.——Talula Encampment No. 8 I. O. O. F., meets on 2d and 4th Tuesday in each month.——Brothers and Sisters of Love and Charity.—Meets alternate Tuesday nights.——Grand United Order of O. F.—Meets at ornate Thursday nights.

MASONIC.—Eureka Lodge, meets on first Monday light of each month.

PASQUOTANK COUNTY.

Sheriff, Jno L Wood; Clerk Superior Court, William E Vaughan; Treasurer, B C Brothers; Coroner, Milos Commander; Register of Deeds, John T. Price; Surveyor, J. Q. A. Wood; Standard Keeper, A. L. Jones; Commissioners, C. W. Smith, Edmund Daily, J. S. Wilcox, Emanuel Davis and Abraham Morris; Commissioner's Attorney, W. H. Smith.—Representative, F. M. Godfrey.

SUPERIOR COURT—Tenth Monday after the first Monday in March and October. County seat, Elizabeth City.

FIRST CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

Composed of the Counties of Pasquotank, Perquimans, Camden, Currituck, Dare, Tyrrell, Hyde, Beaufort, Washington, Bertie, Hertford, Chowan, Martin, Gates, Northampton and Halifax.

Member of Congress, C L Cobb, Elizabeth City; Collector of Internal Revenue, Wm Barrow, Jackson; Assessor of Internal Revenue, Hiram E Stilley, Washington.

FIRST JUDICIAL DISTRICT.

Is composed of the counties of Pasquotank (Court held on 10th Monday after the first Monday in March and October—County seat Elizabeth City,) Bertie, (Court held on 1st Monday in March and October—County seat Windsor,) Camden, (Court 12 Monday after first Monday in March and October) Chowan, (Court 6th Monday after 1st Monday in March and October—County seat Edenton,) Currituck, (Court 14 Monday after the first Monday in March and October—County seat Currituck C. H.,) Gates, (Court 4th Monday after the 1st in March and October—County seat Gatesville,) Hertford, Court 3rd Monday in March and October—County seat Winton,) Perquimans, (Court 8th Monday after 1st Monday in March and October—County seat Hertford,) and Dare, (Court in June and January—County seat Roanoke Island,) Judge Hon. J. W. ALBERTSON, Hertford; Solicitor, WILLIS BAGLEY, of Perquimans.

UNITED STATES COURTS.

Judge Circuit and District Courts, George W Brooks, Elizabeth City; Clerk of Circuit Court, N J Riddick, Raleigh. U S Attorney, D H Starbuck, Salem; U S Marshal, S. T. Carrow, Washington. The Terms of the Circuit Court are as follows:—1st Monday in June, and last Monday in November, at Raleigh. The Terms of the District Court are as follows: Third Monday in April and October, at Eliz City; S T Bond, Clerk. Fourth Monday in April and October at New Bern; Chas Hibbard, Clerk. First Monday after the fourth Monday in April and October, at Wilmington, Wm. Larkins Clerk

BUSINESS CARDS.

NEWS EMPORIUM.

THE undersigned having purchased the Elizabeth City "News Emporium," has removed it to Water Street, where he will keep the Newspapers and Periodicals of the day. Also

STATIONERY,

of all kinds, as Writing Paper, Ink, Pens, Pencils, Blank Books, &c.

P. W. MELICK.

ELIZABETH CITY, June 20th.—6m.

JOHN Q. ETHERIDGE & BRO.,

DEALERS IN PURE

DRUGS,
MEDICINES,
PAINTS,
OILS
GLASS,
VARNISHES,
PERFUMERY,
AND FANCY ARTICLES.

All staples connected with a first class Drug Business will always be found on hand.

☞ Prescriptions accurately compounded.

32-1y. E. City, N. C, Jan. 20, '70.

ELIZABETH CITY SKATING RINK,

J. M. MATHEWS, Proprietor.

The regular Skating Assemblies will be held in Wood's Hall, on Road street on every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday evenings at 7½ o'clock. 10-tf.

I. A. COHN,

Dealer in

DRY GOODS,
BOOTS,
SHOES,
HATS,
CAPS,
DRESS GOODS
AND GENERAL
MERCHANDIZE.

Water St., Elizabeth City, N. C.

☞ The cheapest place in the City. 3-tf.

SMITH, DIXON & CO.

COMMISSION PAPER WAREHOUSE,

33 S. CHARLES ST, BALTIMORE, MD.

Manufacturers of paper, machine made paper bags, and dealers in all descriptions of Paper, Card board, Twines and Ink. 32-1y

THE ELIZABETH CITY BAKERY & CONFECTIONERY STORE.

Fresh bread, cakes and pies always on hand Also a good variety of candies, fruits, nuts, figs, raisins, pickles, crackers, cheese, butter—in short everything in the bakery or confectionery line always on hand. Families supplied with bread cakes and pies on reasonable terms. Come and see. WILLIAM STEGER.

Road Street, Elizabeth City. 24-1y

HENRY B. COLEMAN.

Practical Painter and Grainer. Also practical Paper Hanger.

ELIZABETH CITY, N. C. May 12, 1870. 1y.

BRICK! BRICK!!

AT THE ELIZABETH CITY BRICK YARD

I am prepared to furhish Brick at all times and in quantities to suit purchasers. Parties desiring brick for building, paving, or for any other use, are respectfully solicited to call at my yard and examine for themselves both as to quality and price.

E. B. BROWER.

ELIZ. CITY, Jan. 18th, 1872-1y.

J. M. MATHEWS,

LIFE AND FIRE INSURANCE AGENT.

OFFICE—GUIRKIN BUILDING NEAR

COR. MAIN & ROAD STS.,

44-tf. ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

R. K. SPEED.— —JOHN BLACK.

SPEED & BLACK,

General Life, Fire and Marine In's Ag'ts

S. W. corner of Main and Road St.,

Elizabeth City, N. C.

Capital Represented $40,000,000.

Issues every *desirable* kind of Life Policy, *Mutual and Stock.*

Insurable property placed in *First-class* Companies *at lowest rates.*

Will adjust *Life and Fire* losses in any part of Eastern North Carolina.

April 11th, 1872.—1yr.

PROFESSIONAL.

W. H. SMITH— —J. H. SHAW.

SMITH AND SHAW,

Attorneys and Counselors at Law.

ELIZABETH CITY, N. C

Will attend to all matters intrusted to us in the Superior, Supreme and Federal Courts of North Carolina. Collections promptly made. 35-tf.

WALTER CLARK.— —J. M. MULLEN.

CLARK & MULLEN,

Attorneys at Law,

Halifax, N. C.

PRACTICE in all the courts of Halifax, Northampton, Edgecomb and Martin Counties, in the Supreme Court of North Carolina and in the Federal Courts. Collections made in any part of North Carolina.

N. B. One of the firm will attend at office in Scotland Neck on Saturday of every week. March 7th, 1872.—1yr.

C. W. GRANDY, JR.

ATTORNEY AT LAW AND

GENERAL COLLECTOR,

ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

Office North side of Main Street.

Jan. 13, 1870—1y.

PROFESSIONAL.—

DR. JAS. N. BUTT, Can be found at all hours of the day, at his Drug Store. In consequence of ill health he is engaged almost exclusively in an Office Practice. Those wishing medical attention will find him at home at all hours and avoid the annoyance of hunting a Physician absent on professional duties in the country.

E. City Sept. 15, 1870.

DENTISTRY.

The undersigned has opened an office in Elizabeth City, N. C., for the purpose of practicing Dentistry in all its branches.

☞ Office in the North Carolinian building second story, corner Main and Road streets.

I. T. ANDREWS.

May 26, 1870-tf.

MISCELLANEOUS.

NEW EATING SALOON!

FOWLER'S BUILDING ON WATER ST.

ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

MEALS at all hours. Special accomodations for Ladies.

Fruits and Confectionaries of all kinds always on hand.

J. D. FULMER, Proprietor.

27-vol. 3-1y.

PHOTOGRAPH GALLERY.—

Having purchased Winner's Gallery I take this method of announcing to my friends and the public that I will continue the business in all its departments. Having had over a dozen years experience I flatter myself to be able to give full satisfaction. My instruments and material are all of the very best. My sky light is of the latest improved, enabling me to take pictures in cloudy weather as well as clear. All work guaranteed or the picture taken over or the money refunded.

WM. C. DAWSON.

E. City, May 11, 1871.—tf.

HOUSE, SIGN AND ORNAMENTAL PAINTING.

The undersigned has resumed the business of House, Sign and Ornamental PAINTER, and respectfully tenders his services to the public in that line of business.

His reputation as a painter is well known in this, and the surrounding counties; and the promptness with which he has heretofore acted, and the faithfulness with which all work entrusted to him has always been done, he hopes will again insure him a liberal patronage.

THOMAS R. BLAND.

Elizabe City, N. C., Sept. 30, 1869—1y.

W. H. CLARK'S

NORTH CAROLINA AGRICULTURAL DEPOT,

ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

MR. CLARK would announce to the public that he has again re-opened his large establishment at which the following Machinery is Manufactured, Horse Powers, different Sizes and Patterns, Corn Shellers for Hand or Horse Power, Wheat Threshers, different sizes, Corn and Wheat Fans.

PLOUGHS of Different Patterns and Sizes always on hand, also, Corn Planters, Straw Cutters, Horse Rakes, Scythes, Reap Hooks and all kinds of Agricultural Machinery repaired at Short Notice.

36—1y.

PENDLETON'S HOTEL,

ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

T. D. Pendleton, Proprietor.

This well-known house is located conveniently for the traveling public, being near the boat landing. Especial attention is taken to make guests comfortable. Charges moderate. 22-1y

THE RED FLAG.

Ah! what does that Red Flag mean on Water Street? It means that is the place to get all your old tin ware repaired, such as, coffee pots, tea pots, oil cans, etc., etc.

Tin Ware Wholesale and Retail.

N. B. Old Stoves Repeired.

H. O. HILL.

E. City, N. C., March 14th, 1872.

38-tf.

J. S. LISTER.— —THOS. O. TOWE

NEW GOODS

AT VERY LOW PRICES AT THE

STORE OF

LISTER & TOWE,

On ROAD ST., 2 Doors South of Lawrence,

ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

The stock comprises a well made selection of all kinds of general merchandize which will be sold at the very lowest possible prices.

Call and examine before purchasing elsewhere. 18-tf.

FISHERIES.

We are prepared to receive orders for Spooner's Whale Warps, Best Qualities Seineing, Corks, Rings, Rubber Boots, &c., with credit to June 1st for *prompt paying Notes.*

AMERICAN NET & TWINE CO.

Sept. 4th to Dec. 1st, Boston.

BANKING HOUSES.

NORTH CAROLINA

MANUFACTURING, LOAN AND TRUST COMPANY.

Incorporated by the N. C. Legislature, with Liberal Banking Privileges.

Office: Elizabeth City, N. C.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

GEO. D. POOL, *Pres't.*; R. F. OVERMAN, *Cash.*
Dr. P. JOHN, Hon. JOHN POOL,
Hon. C. C POOL, C. W. HOLLOWELL,
C. W. SMITH,

Deals in Exchange, Sight Drafts, Gold and Silver Coin, Government and other Securities, etc.

Uncurrent Bank Notes bought and sold on reasonable terms.

July 15, 1869—1y.

GUIRKIN & CO.

BANKERS & BROKERS,

COBB'S BRICK BUILDING, ROAD ST,

Elizabeth City, N. C.

Do a general Banking business,

Buy and Sell, Gold and Silver, Domestic and Foreign Exchange,

Deal in State, County and Corporation Bonds and Stocks.

☞ *Interest allowed on Deposits.*

Also Agents for FIRST CLASS LIFE, FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE COMPANIES.

Policies effected at lowest rates and in best Companies in the world. 28-tf.

LIVERY STABLES.

JONE'S LIVERY STABLES

At Elizabeth City, N. C.

I would announce to my friends and the public that I am still at the old place on Main street, a few doors west of Road, and keep horses, buggies, carriages, &c., for hire. Persons promptly accommodated at all times and on reasonable terms.

ARTHUR L. JONES.

Mar. 17, 1870.—38—1y.

LIVERY STABLES

AT ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

The subscriber takes this method of informing his old friends and the public generally that he is still at the "old stand" and continues to keep horses, buggies, carriages &c., for hire. Persons accommodated at all times and on reasonable terms. Remember the place—on Road Street near the canal bridge.

1 yr. C. B. BROTHERS

Poetry.

Gnendolen.

She is so fair, I thought, so dear and fair!
Maidenly beautiful from head to feet,
With pensive profile delicate and sweet,
And Titian's color in her sunny hair.

So fair, I thought, rejoicing even to note
The little flexible, transparent wrist,
The purple of the gold-clasped ameth yst
That glittered at her white and slender throat:

The tiny ear, curled like a rosy shell;
The gentle splendor of the wide brown eyes,
Deep, lustrous, tender, clear as morning skies:
The full, sad lips,—the voice that like a bell

Rang thrilling with a music sweet and wild,
High, airy-pure as fluting of the fays,
Or bird-notes in the early summer days,
And joyous as the laughter of a child.

Dearest has heaven aught to give thee more?
I thought, the while I watched her changing face,
Heard her fine tones and marked her gestures grace,—
Yea, one more gift is left, all gifts before.

We go our separate ways on earth, and pain,
God's shaping chisel, waits us as the rest,
With nobler charm thy beauty to invest,
And make thee lovelier ere we meet again.—

CELIA THAXTER.

From Scribner's.

Selected Story.

Married in a Snow-Storm.

About the year 1811, memorable in Russian history, there lived upon the estate of Nemaradof, a rich landed proprietor, Gabrilovitch by name, noted for his affability and hospitality. His home was always open to his friends and neighbors, who used to congregate there every evening; the older ones to enjoy a game of cards with the host and his wife Petrowan, the younger ones in the hope of winning the favor of Marie, a beautiful girl of 17, the only daughter of and heiress of Gabrielovitch.

Marie read French novels, which naturally rendered her very sentimental and romantic. Under these circumstances love was not long in coming. The object of her affections was a Russian cadet, with scarcely a penny in his pocket, who resided in the neighborhood and was then at home on leave of absence. As a matter of course he returned her love with an equal ardor. Marie's parents had strictly forbiden her thinkig of such a union, and they treated her lover, whereever they met him, with just as much friendliness as they would have shown to an ex-collector of taxes. The amorous pair meantime carried on a correspondence, and met clandestinely beneath the shade of the piny grove, or behind the old chapel. As will readily be supposed, they here vowed fidelity to each other, complained of the severity of fate, and devised beautiful plans for the future. After some time they naturally came to think that, should their parents persist in opposing the union, it might in the end be consumated secretly, and without their consent. The young gentleman was the first to propose this, and the young lady soon saw the expediency of it.

The approach of Winter put an end to these stolen interviews; but their letters increased in frequency and warmth. In each of them Vladimire Nickolvitch conjured his beloved to leave the paternal roof, and consent to the clandestine marriage. "We will disappear for a short while," he wrote, "come back, and cast ourselves at the feet of our parents, who, touched with such constancy, will exclaim, "come to our arms, dear children!" Marie was long irresolute; at length it was agreed, however, that she should not appear at supper on a day appointed, but should retire to her room under the pretext of indisposition. Her maid had been let into the secret. Both were to escape by a back-door, in front of which they would find a sleigh ready to convy them a distance of five wersts, to the chapel Jadrino, where Vladimire and the priest would await them.

Having made preperations and written a long apologetical letter to her parents, Marie retired betimes to her room. She had been complaining all day of a headache, and this was certainly no mere pretext, for the nervous excitement had in truth indisposed her. Her father and mother nursed her tenderly, asking her again, and agan: "How do you feel now Marie?" Are you better?" This loving solicitude cut the girl to the heart, and with the approach of evening her excitement increased. At supper she ate nothing, bnt rose betimes and bade her parents good-night. The latter kissed and blessed her, as was their want, while Marie could scarcely repress her sobs. Having reached her room, she threw herself into a chair and wept aloud. Her maid finally succeeded in comforting and cheering her up.

Later in the evening a snow-storm arose. The wind howled about the house, causing the windows to rattle. The inmates had hardly gone to rest, when the young girl rappiug herself in her clothes and furs, and followed by the servant with a portmanteau, left the paternal roof. A sleigh drawn by three horses received them, and away they went at a furious speed.

Vladimir had also been active throughout the day. In the morning he called on the minister at Jarino to arrange for the ceremony, and then he went to look up the required witnesses. The first acquaintance to whom he applied was an officer on half-pay, who expressed himtelf quite ready to serve him. Such an adventure, he said, carried him back to the days of his own youth. He determined Vladimir to remain with him, taking upon himself to procure the other two witnesses. There accordingly appeared at dinner Surveyor Schmidt, with his spurs and mustache, and Isyravnik's son, a lad of 17, who had but just enlisted in the Uhlams. Both promised Vladimir their assistance, and after a cordial embrace the happy lover parted from his three friends to complete his preperations at home.

Having dispatched a trusty servant with a sleigh for Marie, he got into a one horse sleigh himself, and took the rode leading to Jadriono. Scarcely had he set off, when the storm burst forth with violence, and soon every trace of the way was gone. The entire horizon was covered with thick, yellow clouds, discharging not flakes, but masses of snow; at last it was impossible to distinguish betweeu earth and sky. In vain Vladimir beat about for the way; his horse went on at random, now leaping over banks of snow, now sinking into ditches, and threatning every moment to overturn the sleigh. The insupportable idea of having lost the road had become a certainty. The forest of Jadriano was nowhere to be discovered, and after two hours the jaded animal seemed ready to drop to the ground. At last a kind of dark line became visible in the distance. Valadimir urged his horse forward, and reached the edge of the forest. He now hoped to reach his destination soon, as it was easier to pursue his way in the forest, into which the snow had not yet penetrated. Vladimir took fresh courage; however there were no signs of Jadrino. By degrees the storm abated and the moon shone brightly. He finally reached the opposite skirt of the forest. Still no Jadrino; but a group of four or five houses met his view. His knock at the door of the nearest was answered by an old man.

"What do you want?" he said.

"Where lies Jadrino?" asked Vladimir.

"About ten wersts distant."

At this reply Vladimir felt as if his sentence of death was being announced to him.

"Can you procure me a horse to take me thither?" he asked.

"We have no horse."

"Or at least a guide. I will pay any price."

"Very well. My son can accompany the gentleman."

After a little while, which seemed an eternity to Vladimir, a young fellow made his appearance, holding a thick staff in his hand, and they took their way across the snow covered plain.

"What o'clock is is," asked Vladimir.

"It is already past midnight."

And in very truth the sun began to gild the east when they finally narived at Jadrino. The church door was locked. Vladimir paid and dismissed his guid, and then instantly hastened to the minister's dwelling. What he learned will appear from the sequel.

At Nemaradof the night had passed quietly. In the morning the master of the houes and his wife arose as usual, and proceeded to the dining-room, Gabriel Grbrilovitch in his woolen jacket and night cap, Petrona in her morning gown. After they had breakfasted, Gabriel sent up one of the girls to inquire after Marie's health. She returned with the message that her young mistress had had a sleepless night, but that she was feeling better now' and would come down presently. Marie soon after entered the room, looking exceedingly pale, yet without the least perceptible agitation.

"How do you feel this morning, love ?" inquired her father.

"Better," was her answer.

The day passed as usual, but, instead of the looked for improvement, a serious change took place for the worst in Marie's condition. The family physician was summoned from the nearest town, who found her in a state of most violent fever. For 14 days she lay at the point of death.

Nothing transpired of the nocturnal flight; for the maid took good care to keep silence on her own account, and the others who knew of it never betrayed themselves with a syllable, even when under the influence of brandy, so greatly did they dread Gabrel's anger.

Marie, however, spoke so incessantly of Vladimir when delirious, that her mother could not remain in doubt as to the cause of her illness. Having advised with a few friends, her parents resolved to let Marie marry the young soldier, seeing that one cannot escape one's fate, and, beside that, riches do not always lead to happiness.

The patient recovered. During her illness Vladimir had not once shown his face in the house, and it was resolved to apprise him of his unexpected good fortune. But to the astonishment of the proud proprietor of Nermaradof, the cadet declared that he should never again cross the threshold of his house, begging them at the same time to forget utterly so wretched a creature as he, to whom death alone could give ropose.

A few days afterward they learned that Vladimir had again returned to the army. It was in the year 1812. No one uttered his name in Marie's presence, and she herself never made mention of him in any way. Two or three months had elasped when one day she found his name among the list of the officers who had distinguished themselves at the battle of Borodin and been mortally wounded. She fainted away and had a relapse, from which she recovered but slowly.

Not long after her father died, bequeathing his whole property to her. But riches were not able to comfort her; she wept with her mother, and promised never to leave her. They sold Nemaradof and removed to another estate. Suitors thronged around the wealthy and aimable heiress; but none of them received the slightest encouragement from her. Often did her mother press her to choose a husband—she would merely shake her head in silence. Vladimir was no more; he died at Moscow on the evening before the entrance of the French. Marie seemed to hold his memory sacred; she carefully preserved the books they had read together, his sketches, the letters he had written to her—in brief, everything that could serve to keep alive the remembrance of the ill-fated youth.

About this time, the war, fought with such glory to the allies, of whom Russia was also one, came to an end. The victorious regiments returned home, and large crowds of people flocked together to greet them. Officers who had gone forth as beardless youths came back with the grave faces of warriors, their gallant breasts covered with badges.

A lieutenant of hussars, Wurmin by name, with an interestingly pale face, and decorated with the Cross of St. George, having obtained leave of absence for several months, took up his residence upon his estate, which adjoined Marie's present abode. The young girl received him with far more favor that she had hitherto shown to any of her visitors. They resembled each other in many respects; both were handsome, intelligent, taciturn, and reserved. Theres something mysterious about Wurmin which roused the curiosity of Marie. His affection for her was soon unmistakable; he showed her every conceivable attention; but why did he never speak of love though his dark, ardent eyes would rest upon hers half with an expression that seemed to announce an early and positive declaration? Already the neighbors spoke of their marriage as a settled matter, and Mother Petrowna was more than happy at the thought of her daughter's finding a worthy husband at last.

One morning when the latter was sitting in the parlor, Wurmin entered and asked for Marie.

"She is in the garden," answered her mother. "You will find my daughter there if you would like to see her."

The young officer hastily walked out into the garden.

Petrowna crossed herself, murmuring: "God be praised! To-day, I trust his visit will have some result.'

Wurmin found his beloved, clad in white, sitting under a tree by the side of the pond, a book upon her lap, like a heroine of romance. The usual salutasions over, Wurmin, who was strangely agitated, told how long yearned to pour out his heart before her, and begged that she would listen to him a few moments. She closed her book, and nodded in token of assent.

"I love you," said Wurmin, "I love you passionately."

Marie cast down her eyes.

"I have been imprudent enough to see you, to hear you—daily. It is now too late to escape my fate. The thought of your lovely face, of your sweet voice, will henceforth constitute the joy and the anguish of my existance. But I have a duty to perform toward you; I must reveal to you a secret, which has placed an insurmountable barrier between us."

"That barrier," murmured Marie, "existed always—I could never have become yours."

"I know," replied Wurmin, in a suppassed voice, "that you have loved before; but death—three long years of mourning—dearest Marie, do not deprive me of my last comfort, of the blissful thought that you might become mine if—"

"Cease, I conjure you! You rend my heart!"

"Yes, you will grant me the comfort of knowing that you would have become mine; but, most wretched of men that I am—I am already married!"

Marie gazed up at him with a look of astonishment.

"Yes married for four years," continued the lieutenant, "and I do not know either who my wife is, where she is, or whether I shall ever meet her."

"Explain youself more clearly," said the girl.

"I love you, Marie, and will confide in you. You shall know all, and you will not judge too severely an act of youthful levity. It was in the year 1812, I happened to be on my way to Wilna, with the intention of joining my regiment. Late in the evening I reached a station, and had already ordered that horses should instantly be put to again, when a fierce snow-storm suddenly arose. My landlord and the postilion urgently advised me to postpone my departure; but I was determined to go in spite of the rough weather. The postilion had got it into his head that, by crossing a small river, the banks of which were perfectly well known to him, he should find a shorter route. He missed the right crossing, however, and got into a region to which he was an entire stranger. The storm continued to rage; at length we described a light in the distance. We made for it, and stopped before a church, from the brightly illuminated windows of which the light shone. The door was open, three sleighs were in front of it, and I saw several persons in the vestibule. One of them called to me: "This way! this way! I got out and walked toward the vistibule."

"The person who had called advanced toward me."

"'Great Heavens!' he said "how late you come! Your intended, has fainted, and we were on the very point of driving home again."

"Half bewildered and half amused, I resolved to let the adventure take its course. And, indeed, I had little time for reflection. My friends tugged me into the interior of the church, which was poorly lighted by two or three lamps. A female was sitting upon a bench in the shadow, while another stood beside her and chafed her temples.

"'At last!' cried the latter. 'God be praised that you have come! My poor mistress liked to have died."

"An aged priest emerged from behind the altar, and asked, 'Can we begin?'

"Begin, reverend father!" I cried, undavisedly.

"They assisted the half unconcious girl to rise; she appeared to be very pretty. In a fit of unpardonable, and now quite incomprehensible, levity, I readily stepped with her to the alter. Her maid and the three gentlemen present were so much busied with her as scarcely to throw a look at me. Besides, the light in this part of the church was dim, and my head was muffled in the hood of my cloak.

"In a few minutes the nuptial ceremony was over, and the priest, according to custom, desired the newly-married pair to embrace.

"My young wife turned her pale, charming little face toward me, and was about to rest her head upon my shoulder with a sweet smile, when suddenly she stared at me as if turned into stone, tottered, and with a cry of 'It is not he!' fell to the floor.

"All the furies of hell lashed me out of church. Before any one could think of staying me I had jumped into my sleigh, seized the reins, and was soon beyond the reach of pursuit."

The lieutenant was silent, Marie also gazed in silence on the ground.

"And have you never discovered what became of the poor girl?" she finally asked.

"Never. I know neither the name of the village where I married, nor do I recollect the station where I stopped. At the time, my culpably frivolous prank seemed to me a matter of so little moment that, as soon as there was no longer any pursuit to fear, I went to sleep in the sleigh, and did not awake till we arrived at another station. The servant whom I had with me was killed in battle, all my efforts to find out the positilion who drove us proved unavailing, and so every clue seems indeed lost by which I might again find the scene of that folly, for which I have now to suffer so heavily."

Marie turned her pale face to ward him and took both his hands. The lieutenant gazed thunderstruck into her eyes; a dim foreboding awoke in his breast, a vail suddenly dropped from his eyes.

"Marie! God of heaven, how can I have been so blind! Marie, was it indeed you?"

"I am your wife!" was the only answer of the girl, who sank fainting into his arms.—*From the Russian of Alexander Pushkin.*

Certain swampy districts in Wisconsin that were worth nothing at all a year or two ago, are now held at $750 an acre. Cranberry culture caused the rise.

Corn-cobs are an article of merchandise in request at Paris, and several New-England firms gather them for shipment. After saturation with tar and resin they are used for kindlings.

A school girl, during her examination, repeatedly miscalled patriarchs partridges. Whereupon one of the auditors remarked: She is making game of patriarchs. This, Sydney Smith said, was the must perfect pun he knew.

Miscellaneous.

An Address by the United States Centennial Commission.

To the People of the United States:

The Congress of the United States has enacted that the completion of the One Hundredth Year of American Independence shall be celebrated by an International Exhibition of the Arts, Manufactures, and Products of the soil and mine, to be held at Philadelphia, in 1876, and has appointed a Commission, consisting of representatives from each State and Territory, to conduct the celebration.

Originating under the auspices of the National Legislature, controlled by a National Commission, and designed as it is to "Commemorate the first Century of our existence, by an exhibition of the Natural resources of the Country and their developement, and of our progress in those Arts which benfit mankind, in comparison of those of older Nations," it is to the people at large that the Commission look for the aid which is nessessary to make the Centennial Celebration the grandest anniversary the world has ever seen.

That the completion of the first century of our existence should be marked by some imposing demonstration is, we believe, the patriotic wish of the people of the whole country. The Congress of the United States has wisely decided that the Birth-day of the Great Republic can be fittingly celebrated by the universal collection and display of all the trophies of its progress. It is designed to bring together, within a building covering fifty acres, not only the varied productions of our mines and of the soil, but types of all the imtellectual triumphs of our citzens, specimens of everything that America can furnish, whether from the brains or the hands of her children, and thus make evident to the world the advancement of which a self governed people is capable.

In this "Celebration" all nations will be invited to participate; its character being International. Europe will display her arts and manufactures, India her curious fabrics, while China and Japan will lay bare the treasures which for centuries their ingenious people have been perfecting. Each land will compete in generous rivalry for the palm of superior excellence.

To this grand gathering every zone will contribute its fruits and cereals. No mineral shall be wanting; for what the East lacks the West will supply. Under one roof will the South display in rich luxuriance her growing cotton, and the North in miniature, the ceasless machinery of her mills converting that cotton into cloth. Each section of the globe will send its best offerings to this exhibition, and each State of the Union, as a member of one united body politic, will show to her sister States and to the world, how much she can add to the greatness of the nation of which she is a harmonious part.

To make the Centennial Celebration such a success as the patrotism and pride of every American demands will require the co-operation of the whole country. The United States Centennial Commission has received no Government aid, such as England extended to the World's Fair, and France to her Universal Exposition, yet the labor and responsibility imposed upon the Commission is as great as in either of those undertakings. It is estimated that ten million of dollars will be required, and this sum Congress has provided shall be raised by stock subscription, and that the people shall have the opportunity of subscribing in proportion to the population of the respective States and Territories.

The Commission looks to the unfailing patriotism of the people of every section, to see that each contributes its share to the expenses, and receives its share of the benefits of an enterprise in which all are so deeply interested. It would further earnestly urge the formation in each State and Territory of a centennial organization, which shall in time see that country associations are formed, so that when the nations are gathered together in 1876 each Commonwealth can vie with pride the contributions she has made to the national glory.

Confidently relying on the zeal and patrotism ever displayed

NORTH CAROLINIAN

EQUAL RIGHTS FOR ALL MEN.

PALEMON JOHN, : : : : : : Editor.

Elizabeth City, N. C., Nov. 20, 1872.

For terms and advertising rates, see first page.

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Communications relative to any of the interests of the South, and particularly information relative to the crops, solicited.

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A PROCLAMATION:

By His Excellency, the Governor of North Carolina.

WHEREAS, It is meet and eminently proper that the people of a great State should return heartfelt thanks to Almighty God for the many privileges and blessings vouchsafed unto them through His Infinite mercy and goodness, and by devout prayer and supplication, to ask for a continuance of the same:

Now Therefore, I, TOD. R. CALDWELL, Governor of North Carolina, in obedience to law, and in conformity with an honored custom, do appoint and set apart

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 28, 1872,

as a day of solemn and public Thanksgiving and Prayer in this State; and I do earnestly invite the Clergy of all denominations in the State to open their respective houses of worship, on said day, and call upon their congregations to humble themselves at the throne of the Great Jehovah, and render unto Him praises which are justly due, and to invoke for themselves, their State, and their whole country, His divine guidance and protection through all future time.

"Unto thee, O God, do we give thanks, *unto thee* do we give thanks: for *that* thy name is near, thy wondrous works declare."

Done at the City of Raleigh, on this the Twenty-Eight day of October, A. D., One Thousand Eight Hundred and Seventy-Two, and in the Ninety-Seventh year of American Independence.

[L. S.]

TOD. R. CALDWELL.

By the Governor:

JOHN B. NEATHERY,
19—1t. Private Secretary.

NORTH CAROLINA.

North Carolina is a grand State. Bordering on the Sea, she is rich and varied in landscape, "beautiful for situation." Breathing a balmy atmosphere, and canopied with a glorious sky, "resplendent by day with sunlight and many hued clouds, and at night magnificent with the moon and stars," she is destined to be the gem of States. Though impoverished by the war, she is fast recuperating, and abundance is once more beginning to smile upon her fields and many of the choicest comforts earth can yield are being scattered among her people. Lovely in all her parts, she is inimitable in the South, where salubrity of climate, richness of soil, and beauty of scenery make it a land of delights. The lover of nature's beauties may regale himself here in continued pleasure. The far stretching plains, here as smooth as the "flat sea," and yonder swelling like "the long waves that roll" in the Sound when the tempests prevail, are as grand as they are beautiful. Vast unfenced meadows and forests, affording richest pastures for stock without number, they stretch away in almost all directions, "blending the grand, the beautiful, the gay," into one consummate landscape. In spring time and during the summer they are like a "wilderness of flowers," seeming

"——as though from all the bowers
And fairest fields of all the year,
The mingled spoil were scattered here."

The roses are as bright and sweet as those of the "Vale of Cashmere," and "When the Spirit of Fragrance is up with the day,
From his Harem of night-flowers stealing away."

the air is made as spicy as the breezes that "blow soft o'er Ceylon's isle." Here and there sparkling little lakes stud the land, glistening in the sunshine like beautiful gems. They are bordered with

"——rich reeds that wo'er them l'e,
As if a shower of fairy wreaths
Had fall'en upon them from the sky,"

and the water in them is so pure and clear that one may see the "bending heavens below." Rivers, smooth and placid, abound all through the State. Like great "arteries of earth," widely branching, they circulate "its blood," their tidal waves its "throbbing pulses" giving life to every living thing.

Such are the physical features of North Carolina. In all these she stands above comparison with any sister State. There is none more beautiful, none more healthy, none so rich. And yet how strange that this "garden-land" should have been looked upon for so many years as a barren waste! But the delusion is passing. Immigration is coming, and Industry and Capital are utilizing the superior advantages the State affords. Neat new cottages are dotting the land and golden harvests are being gathered where but yesterday the wild grass sward grew untouched. And following these, the beacon lights of intelligence and religion—school houses and church are sure to come. North Carolina is yet to be *the* great State of the nation.

HORACE GREELEY'S friends asserted before the election that he was the humble means in the hands of an overruling Providence of accomplishing a great and beneficent work. The claim was good. The work has been performed. It consisted in the killing and burial of the Democratic party.

At the first Presidential election in the United States only ten States voted. At the election this year thirty-seven States voted. It was the twenty-second Presidential election held in this country.

- What was the real cause of GREELEY'S not being elected?—*Inquirer.*

Well, out of a great many people very few voted for him.

SOME REASONS WHY THE PURSUIT OF AGRICULTURE IS UNPROFITABLE.

Talking with a rather intelligent gentleman the other day upon the subject of Agriculture, enlarging somewhat on its importance, and assuring him that as our circulation in the rural districts around us was extensive, we designed devoting considerable attention to the subject, he responded with a "Oh yes, it is a very fine thing to *write* about and *talk* about, but when it comes to the *labor* of it, it is a *great deal of hard work for a very little money.*" We replied that no doubt as farming is generally conducted this is a truth, but then asked we: "Are there not disadvantages connected with Agriculture as it has been followed in times past and at the present day, which would operate as strongly against the profits of any other occupation as it has against Agriculture?" Our friend was silent. It set him to reflecting. And this is what we desire a certain class of our readers to do; hence our alluding to this subject in our paper at this time.

There are a number of facts having a practical bearing on this subject. Let us allude to a few of them. In the first place then, let us supposese a case in another branch of business, as being analogus to one important fact we wish to illustrate. Suppose a man, anxious to enter into business, should buy him a fine store, and fit it up with all the conveniances for the reception of goods, and then should find out that in doing so he had expended all his capital, and had nothing left to buy goods with, would not this hamper his prospects for bnsiness so much as to render his success doubtful? Most certainly. Well does it not have a strong analagy to many—very many cases among farmers? A man comes in posession of a farm of a hundred acres of land, with the necessary buildings for farming purposes, and one thousand dollars in cash. Now how frequently is it the case that instead of keeping the cash in hand as a *capital* to conduct the business of the farm with profit and success, at least nine men out ten of mind seek at once to buy *more land*, investing the thousand dollars in this way, and two often buying so much more land as to run them *in debt* another thousand, thereby adding an interest of from one to two hundred dollars a year, besides depriving them of any capital wherewith to improve either what they posessed or what they have purchased. Is such a course a wise one? Can it contribute to profit or success? The experience of thousands are to the contrary. It but places the man that pursues it in a situation of continual embarassment. No matter what he may see which might be an improvement and one of great advantage to his farm, he is obliged to "get along without it."

The fact is, men require capital for the successful pursuit of trade, commerce and manufactures. Is it at all wonderful then that some capital should be required for the successful pursuit of *Agriculture?* Nay we ask, is it not more wonderful that men can start, as they often do, with little or nothing, making a small payment upon a farm, and, bringing bone and muscle in direct opposition to capital, after a long struggle, by the aid of perseverence and economy, finally gain the victory? Ah, it is a long and ever a desperate struggle, this contest of bone and sinew against *twelve and twenty four per cent interest.* Even sage experience often stands aghast and sighs to think that what it knows would pay so well must yet be left undone for the want of means. But give a man a farm, and a capital adapted to its size and situation, and if at all qualified for the occupation he *can* make agriculture a source of profit.

This is but one by the many points to which we wished to make allusion There are many others, but as our article is becoming extended we will resume it in another.

THE ELECTORAL COLLEGE.

The various State Electors, chosen at the late Presidential election, will meet on the first Wednesday in December, at such places designated by law. They are required to make, and sign and seal up, three separate certificates of their votes, and certify on the cover or envelopes containing each of said certificates that a list of the votes for President and Vice President is contained therein. Each of these packages is also to contain a certified list of the electors for the State. One of the packages so sealed and certified is to be sent by the hands of one of the electors to the President of the Senate of the United States; one of them is to be forthwith deposited in the postoffice, also directed to the President of the Senate; and the third is to be delivered to the United States Judge for the district in which the electors have assembled to cast their votes. The first mentioned of these packages is required to be delievered to the President of the Senate before the first Wednesday of the succeeding January. The law futher provides that Congress shall be in session on the second Wednesday in February succeeding every meeting of the Presidential electors, when the said packages containing the vote shall be opened, the votes counted, and the persons who shall fill the offices of President and Vice President shall be ascertained and declared, agreeably to the Constitution.

In another colum we give a brief synopsis of the great fire in Boston. It originated in the 4th story of a large granite building, right in the business part of the city. From the roof of this —a Mansard roof—it communicated to others and at once defied all effort to check its ravages. As in the case of the Chicago fire, offers of assistance to the afflicted city have been proffered from nearly every other large city throughout the country. Boston has had four great fires; one in 1676, another in 1711 and one in 1790 which consumed 349 buildings. The fire of 1872 destroyed 930.

It is said HORACE GREELY so hated the Democratic Party that he managed to become their Candidate in order to utterly destroy it. He has succeeded. His ancient enemy is completely ruined

THE RESULT IN THIS DISTRICT.

The following is the vote in the several Counties of the First District so far as heard from:

Perquimans:—GRANT's majority 495. Republican gain 227.

Gates:—GREELEY 618, GRANT 479; GREELEY majority 139. Republican gain 103.

Chowan:—GRANT 767, and GREELEY 430. A Republican gain of 171.

Bertie:—Returns GRANT 1,517; GREELEY 683. Republican majority 834. Caldwell carried Bertie by 565. Republican gain 269.

Camden:—GRANT 545, GREELEY 434. GRANT majority 111. MERRIMON carried this county by 8. Republican gain 119.

Carrituck:—GREELEY's majority only 114. A Republican gain of 300.

Washington:—GRANT 935; GREELEY 390. GRANT majority 545. Republican gain 120.

Martin;—GRANT 1,291, GREELEY 959. GRANT majority 332. CALDWELL received in August 1,048, MERRIMON 1035. CADWELL majority 13. GRANT gains on CALDWELL 243. Total Republican gain since August 319.

Pamlico:—GRANT 358; GREELEY 291. GRANT's majority is 67. Republicans gain 155.

Pitt:—GRANT 1,734, GBEELEY 1,429; O'Conor 7. GRANT majority 305 over GREELEY. Republican gain over 312.

Beaufort:—GRANT 1459; GREELEY 1019 A Republican gain of 206.

Hyde:—GREELEY 528. GRANT 420 GREELEY majority 108. MERRIMON's majority was 206 in August. Republican gain 98.

A Currituck correspondent of the Norfolk *Journal* thus describes the political situation in that once strong Democratic county. Comment is scarcely needed:

CURRITUCK, C. H. Nov. 6, 1872.

Election is over. Currituck courthouse precint gave Grant nine majority—always been Democratic before—but our people would not turn out to vote for Greeley. The nomination was a death blow to Democracy. Grant is no doubt elected—Democracy demoralized—and I have my doubts as to whether there is a sufficient neucleus remaining, around which it may ever be rallied again. As to myself, I've looked on—nothing more. The school in which I was taught would not admit of sending Democrats to nominate Republicans; if they did, they violated their trust. G.

GOV. HOFFMAN, at Baltimore, pledged New York to HORACE GREELEY.—*Ex.*

Yes, and like Democratic pledges generally it was made but not redeemed.

A shoemaker's journal has been started.—*Ex.*

Be sure and ask for the *last* edition.

Pen makers are a bad lot.—*Ex.*

That's so. They make people *steel* pens, and then say they do *write.*

HON SAMUEL F. PHILIPS of this State has been appointed Solicitor General of the Department of Justice.

Gen. GRANT's majority in Pennsylvania is 137,728. Think of that.

The Legislature convened on Monday.

New Books, Periodicals, &c.

MRS. SOUTHWORTH'S NEW NOVEL.—THE ARTIST'S LOVE; AND OTHER STORIES. By Mrs. Emma D. E. N. Southworth, and her sister, Frances Henshaw Baden, will be published in a few days by T. B. Peterson & Brothers, Philadelphia, Pa. "The Artist's Love; and Other Stories," will be issued in a large duodecimo volume, uniform with Mrs. Southworth's other works, and sold by all Booksellers at $1.75 in cloth, or $1.50 in paper cover; or copies will be sent by mail, post-paid, by the publishers, on receipt of price. All of Mrs. Southworth's thirty-five books are put up in a neat box, cloth, full gilt backs, &c. Price $61.25. The following new books have just been published by this house, and are spoken of very highly: "The Outcast; and other Poems, by author of Beautiful Snow." "The Lawrence Speaker," being a selection of Literary Gems for Schools and Private Study. "Within the Maze." by Mrs. Henry Wood. "Wild Oats Sown Abroad," by T. B. Witmer, a series of Spicy European Private Letters from the Portfolio of a Gentleman of Leisure. "My Hero," a capital English love story. "A Lonely Life," by a new writer. "Rome and the Papacy," from the French of La Gattina, with a life of the present Pope; and a new edition of "Beautiful Snow," with handsome illustrations.

CORRESPONDENCE

In Memoriam.

It is with deep heartfelt sorrow we announce the death of Miss Katie Williams daughter of Mr. Samuel and Mrs. Betsey Williams who for many years were valued citizens of our pleasant little town. She died of consumption November 10th 1872, while on a visit with her Mother to her Brother Rev. John Williams formerly of this place, but now living in Brownsville, Tenn. "Death loves a shining mark." Katie was, indeed, an ornament to society, and an honor to her parents. She came to womanhood with a fine cultivated intellect, pure and refined sentiments, and moral convictions, with which were combined, amiability of disposition, agreeable and winning manners and a happy cheerful spirit. She was as favorite wherever known: none knew her but to love, or mentioned her but to praise. She was one of those joyous beings whose pathway seemed all strewn with flowers, whose sky was ever cloudless, with only a stray shadow now and then to make her sunlit way brighter than before it passed. A few summers came and went, and like the beautiful, pure, lily of the valley, our truly loved friend perished with Autumn's blighted leaf. Even now we think we hear her light footsteps and ringing laugh, with the joyous tones of a voice which can only be sweeter in Heaven. We have sometimes deemed such noble spirits too pure and good for this sinstained world, and we might almost wonder that God should place them here, did we not believe that such as hers are sent to remind us of another and brighter home, a home beyond the skies; a home where our hearts shall no more be wrung with the anguish of disappointment, and tears come not to cloud the brightness of Heaven. The earthly chain which did bind thee to us, hath been broken. We would have detained thee longer Katie! for we miss thy tender voice and loving smiles, thy deeds of kindness and of love; we miss so much that kind and genial face, which had so long been in our midst, shedding on all a *halo* of angelic peace and purity. But we mourn not as those who have no hope, assured that she has simply been called from this vale of tears, to the realms of eternal bliss, there to receive a rich and glorious reward.

A FRIEND.

The United States Naval Academy. 3.

BUILDINGS.

On the northeast border of the grounds stands the

PHOTOGRAPH GALLERY,

which is designed to afford the midshipmen practical instruction in optics &c. Properly it is an appendage to the

DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL AND EXPERIMENTAL PHILOSOPHY.

This building was erected a few years ago at a cost of fourteen thousand dollars. It is unnecessary to give these more than a passing notice, as their appliances are similar to other Dagueraian and chemical establishments of the country.

East of the last named is the most beautiful structure (both as to its exterior and interior adornments) to be met with in the entire limits of the Academy—the

DEPARTMENT OF STEAM ENGINERY—

conveying to the cultivated eye a perfect picture—nothing unseemly, ungainly, or disproportionate. Resting on a lower terrace near the sea-wall, the building stands back from the main pavement, making room for a pretty lawn enclosed in a neat iron fence. The entrance gate, facing the middle of the facade, has, on either side, a gun captured from the British ship "*Confiance*" in the war of 1812-14. These guns are capped with gilt anchors on which are perched gilt eagles, the whole surmounted by a graceful arch. In the centre of the enclosure is an exquisite fountain out of which rises in sombre dignity the god of the sea, attended by a group of laughing water-sprites. Captured screws, cannon, anchors and other trophies of "the late unpleasantness" are arranged on the lawn with peculiar regard to effect. In striking contrast are huge vases smiling under their light burdens of many-colored flowers.

THE MODEL ROOM

presents a scene of dazzling brightness and rare interest. Massive wrought iron columns of silvery sheen stretch from the highly polished floor to the brightly painted ceiling. In the central part of the room upon a pedestal are two models of marine engines, one an oscillating engine, and the other a working beam with paddle wheels attached. Perfect in their construction, they can be put in operation by means of compressed air, held in a tank under the floor. In another part of the room is a complete working model of the latest style of marine engine, covered with plate glass exposing to view its interior machinery in full operation.

On every hand the mind is bewildered by the rich and multitudinous display of delicate instruments and curious specimens of engineery—art. Among the ten thousand noticeable things is a compass recently presented to the Academy by the Grand Duke Alexis in remembrance of his pleasant visit during last fall.

Adjoining this, is the

MAIN ROOM,

one hundred feet long and forty wide. The floor is iron of a neat pattern, above which is an open large iron gallery with a brass railing. Ascending this gallery the observer looks down upon "the ponderous machinery of a ship-of-war, complete in all its details, from the boilers in which the steam is generated to the powerful propeller which imparts motion to the ship. This is no model, but the actual thing itself as originally constructed for practical use. Nothing can exceed the neatness of this piece of workmanship." The engine has four boilers, so erected that they can be operated in the same manner as if they were on board ship. Two of these boilers are used to generate steam. The other two are open, painted white on the inside and lit with gas, so that their entire interior construction may be seen, and a practical knowledge of the arrangement of stays, braces &c., can be obtained.

I leave this building reluctantly, because it has always possessed peculiar attractions to me, and am most sorry that I cannot carry the reader through all the rooms. I merely direct attention to the machine and blacksmith rooms, the steam fire engine, store rooms, model shops and the really superb recitation rooms.

I will add this much: To appreciate, one must see; to see, one must appreciate.

THE OBSERVATORY

connected with the department of Navigation and Astronomy possesses a fine telescope and transit instruments, together with the other essentials to a practical study of the sidereal heavens. On pleasant evenings "fair women and brave men" often gather here in cosy squads in order to search by the aid of human art for the latent beauties of the fair queen of night; and under the inspiration given by the soft moonbeams hope whispers good tidings of good to trusting hearts, or a Paul tenderly murmurs the old, old story in the ear of his Virginia.

THE GUNNERY ROOM.

This building was for many years the Academy Chapel. Here are models of all the different kinds of guns and gun carriages in use in the navy; also specimens of various sorts of fuses, torpedoes, projectiles, and small arms, in use in this and other nations; also a model of a frigate's magazine; models of flasks for casting shot, shells and guns, and a large machine for testing the strength of iron employed in casting cannon. One curiosity of the many collected here, is a brass cannon (supposed to have been cast about the year 1491) which was used by Cortez in the conquest of Mexico.

A host of flags suspended from the ceiling hang in graceful folds and contribute towards the beauty of the apartment. The most historic of these are the following: The flags of the *Macedonian*, captured Oct. 25, 1812, by the *United States*; of the *Guerriere*, captured Aug. 19, 1812, by the *Constitution*; of the *Java*, captured Dec. 29, 1812, by the *Constitution*; of the *Chippeway* and *Detroit*, captured in the battle of Lake Erie, Sept. 10, 1813; of the *Confiance*, *Chub*, *Linnet*, and *Beresford*, captured on Lake Champlain, Sept. 11, 1814; of the *Cyane and Levant*, captured Feb. 20, 1815; also the flag which Perry flew when he fought his memorable battle, and that he transferred with himself from his sinking ship amid a storm of hurtling shot, containing in large letters of white on a blue field the words of the dying Lawrence, "Don't give up the Ship."

Thus, as the reader has doubtless observed, the officers and midshipmen breathe an atmosphere that is loaded with remembrances which are well calculated to sublimate their patriotism.

MAILLI.

An irritable Yankee, who was disappointed in his boots, threatened to eat up the shoemaker, but finally compromised by drinking a cobbler.

Our Washington Letter.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 14, 1872.

The Meeting of Congress, and the preparation for it—A proposition to make Grant's election unanimous—The Horse Epedemic &c.

Only two weeks from Monday Congress assembles to go through the Third Session of the Forty-Third Congress. The Capitol building has been thoroughly renovated, workmen having been employed, as usual for that purpose. The Senate and House Chambers and Committee rooms have been arranged for the reception of our country's noblemen. Already the trains leading to the city are filled with both Congressmen and others, coming here in advance to make arrangement for winter quarters.

This being a short session, there will be a great deal to do in a short space of time, and those having bills and measures before the present Congress are taking time by the forelock and are already canvassing their chances of success.

Col. John S. Moseby of Virginia has just written a letter to Alexander H. Stevens of Georgia, urging him to advocate, in his paper, the propriety of the Greeley electors of the Southern States which cast their vote for them, to vote in the electoral college for Grant, and thus make Grans's election unanimous.

Moseby thinks if such a course be pursued, it will have the effect to heal all that bad feeling toward the Government which has been manifested by the Greeley press of the South in the political canvass just past.

The abolition of the electoral college will be agitated the coming session of Congress, and it is expected that before another Presidential election, the constitution will be so changed that the people will vote directly for the President.

The horse epedemic in consequence, perhaps, of the weather being bad, has not abated; but to the country, many of the animals are the same as in New York, Philadelphia, and Baltimore, afflicted with the dropsy, and there is a general alarm among the owners of horses, fearing that the turn that the disease is taking, will result seriously.

LIFE.

The Burning of Boston!

ALMOST A CHICAGO!

A terrible calamity has fallen upon Boston, Mass., second only to the great fire in Chicago of thirteen months ago. At 8.30 on the evening of the 9th, (Saturday) a fire broke out at the corner of Kingston and Summer streets, and in a short time got beyond the control of the fire department. A gale sprung up and before the intense heat great granite and iron buildings melted like glass. The fire raged all night and all next day, eating out the business part of the city. By Sunday night the burnt district was bounded by Washington, Bedford, Summer, Broad, State, Congress and Milk streets. Seventy acres of the finest blocks in America were destroyed in fifteen hours, and the loss is estimated at $100,000,000! The fire spread in three directions, leaping from roof to roof, above the heads of the firemen. The terrible scenes of the Chicago fire were re-enacted. At 3 A. M. of the 10th, whole streets of houses were blown up, to check the fire. The U. S. Marines from the Navy Yard, the citizens, and help from surrounding cities and States, did all they could to check the flames. The light of the fire was seen at N. H., sixty miles distant. The dry goods, wool, leather, boot and shoe trades were destroyed. The following public buildings were destroyed:—The Merchants' Exchange, Trinity Church, the Transcript building, the Post building, the Mercantile Library, many of the finest blocks in the city, and a number of wharves. Twenty-one bank buildings were destroyed, and a large number af insurance offices. From seven to eight hundred great business houses were destroyed. The following streets were wholey or in part destroyed:—Federal Leather Square, Matthews, High, Congress, Devonshire, Summer, Bussey Place, Franklin, Chauncey, Milk, Pearl, Bedford, Otis, Hawley, Washington, etc. After burning all day Sunday, the fire broke out afresh at 2.30 A. M. Monday morning, followed by a terrible gas explosion, injuring firemen and soldiers and consuming some five blocks. The fire caused great excitement throughout the country, and Chicago, New York, and many other cities held releif meetings. The extent of the damage cannot yet be fully known.

In his sermon in Plymouth Church on the day after the fire Rev. Henry Ward Beecher thus refered to it:

The sun went down last night smiling upon a great and prosperous city; when it rose this morning it glared upon a roaring storm and flame; and to-night it sets upon a wilderness of ashes. Imagination cannot compass the scene, the loss is so wide, so sudden, so entire, so so contrary to all human chances. The disaster is in some respects unmeasured unmeasurable. The loss of products of skill, of brain-fruit, has been transcendent. Men say $100,000,000 was lost in twelve hours. How much that is neither you nor I can understand. The loss of machinery, of fabrics, of buildings, the blotting out of so much wealth, is no small loss. The vast flocks had yielded up their fleeces through the season and stored them here; the ships had brought in the fruits and spices and goods from every quarter of the globe, and they were waiting for the opening winter market. Now all are gone. The loss of capatal is an an immense loss, both to the city and to the nation. It is ruin to hundreds amd thousands. No mind can take in the conception of this magnified, aggravated loss. Hundreds are bankrupt. The man yesterday at ease is to-day full of trouble. The man that looked through a golden avenue yesterday, to-day looks through an avenue gray with ashes. Yesterday, gold; to-day, red-hot coals.

More than all this is the sudden precipitation of calamity upon the poor driven from their homes by the fire-sword. Pictures need not be waited for; in imagination we can see those that had little losing that little; and the little of the poor is more loss to him than all that the rich man can lose. Huddled in corners, driven from street to street, unable to help themselves, hustled in the distracted crowd, and already despoiled, they must needs suffer yet more through the cold of the approaching winter. A year ago, Chicago was destroyed; now it is Boston. Then, it was the city of the plain, now the old city of the coast. Last year, the city whoes history is yet to be made in the far West; this year, the city whose history is part of the history of the continent. So East and West have been joined together in a common calamity.

To be Reconciled.

The business of reconciliation is not yet over. There is a chasm, not very bloody, but pretty deep, that still needs bridging. The Liberal leaders need not exert themselves any more to reconcile the people of the North and the South to each other, but they can find plenty of hard work to do in reconciling the Southern people to themselves.

What a farce, what a open and transparent humbug, has this "chasm" business been from the beginning! A bid for sickly sentiment. An attempt to create a sympathy for the people of the South, who stood bewildered at the suggestion, and chuckled immensely at this new trick in political warfare. How wretchedly the whole thing has failed is shown by the returns. The South posesses more sterling sense than we gave it credit for. It vies with the North in rebuking the fraud, and the new gospel of peace, as taught by the apostles of Greeley, is repudiated by the whole people from the Atlantic to the Pacific, and from Maine to the Gulf of Mexico.

There is something better to be done than standing on the brink of a mythical chasm and twirling digits in ecstatic transport. There are fields to be tilled, laws to be shaped, debts to be paid, and a commerce to be devloped.

We are not to range ourselves in two lines on the borders of States, and toss empty compliments at each other; but to mingle freely, deal fairly, act generously, as one people, having a common language, a common origon, and a common end to accomplish. In this regard we ought to forget the things that are behind and press forward to those that are before. The South has shown itself wise in its political action. Let it go further. We want to see the reproachful epithet "carpet-bagger" disappear. This Government is not a congregation of independent planets, but, in a large sense, a union of independent States—dependent each upon the other. What matters the imaginary line drawn between Indianna and Illinois, or Kentucky and Tennessee? Wherever laws are enforced, whereever the flag floats, wherever our constitution obtains recognition, there should there should be a free home and a hearty welcome to every citizen of the Union. The foreigner coming to our shores is frindly greeted, and after a brief period is given all the privileges and immunities of the citizen of alife time. At least an equal recognition should be granted to those passing from one State to another. The South needs emigration. It is to her advantage far more than ours that a hospitable reception should be extended to all who enter her borders. The man who leaves Illinois to seek a home in Mississippi takes one from our population and adds one to hers. He takes a hundred, or a thousand, or five thousand dollars from our wealth and adds it to that of a sister State. We do not begrudge the one or the other. Let Mississipi in the same spirit "welcome the coming or speed the parting guest." A spirit thus manifested will gradually bring about an era of good feeling which neither platforms nor politicians nor laws can ever manufacture, and love and reconciliation will become somthing more than a mockery or the shibboleth of a desperate party. Meanwhile, let the people watch the men who have been engaged in an attempt to estrange them, to embitter one section against another, and to set up lines of demarkation between the North and South. There will be new disguises, new pretenses, more lifting of pious hands, and fresh excalmations of horror. So far they deceived nobody but themselves. Let us see to it that in the future they are equally harmless, and that these men are religiously permitted to remain on the back seats to which they have been so unanimously "relegated" by the voice of the people.

—*From the Chicago Inter-Ocean.*

Poisoning Case in North Carolina.

RALEIGH, Nov. 12.

The coroner's jury, in the case of the Rev. Dr. J. B. Smith, supposed to have been poisoned by the members of his family, on October 1, gave a verdict that Smith died on October 1, 1872, from the effects of strychnine, mixed in a dose of seidlitz powders, administered by Frances L. Mann, and that Mary G. Smith was the custodian of the key of the closet in which was found a vial of said poisonous drug. Mrs. Mann is the daughter of Mrs. Smith, the wife of the deceased. Dr. Smith was an Episcopal clergyman, and president of the St. Augustine College, in this city.

The affair has caused great excitement, as all the parties held high social positions. Mrs. Smith and Mrs. Mann were committed to the county jail to-night. An application will be made by their counsel for release on a writ of *habeas corpus.* The community is divided in sentiment as to the guilt of the parties The stomach and brain of the deceased were examined by Dr. Genth, of Philadelphia, on whose professional opinion the jury rendered its verdict.

The watch presented to General Lafayette by General Washington, in 1781, was stolen from Lafayette during his visit to this country in 1824. At that time every effort was made to recover it, including the reward of one thousand dollars. No trace was ever found of it until it was recently discovered, in the rubbish of a junk shop at Louisville, Ky. The purchaser recognized it and proposes to send it to the decendants of Lafayette, in France. The watch is described as open-faced, of gold, with a double case, and of a peculiar apperance, being nearly as thick as it is wide. The outer case bears upon its surface carved figures, in *bas relief*, representing Mars offering a crown to the goddess of Peace, while over all appears the stern implements of war. On the inner case appears the clearly legible inscription:

"G. Washington
To
Gilbert Mattiers de Lafayett.
Lord Cornwallis's Capitulation,
Yorktown,
Decb'r 17, 1781."

ADRUG STORE WORTH SEEING

To the Editor of the North Carolinian

During a recent visit to your little City I was among other things attracted by the new Drug Store of Dr. J. N. BUTT, No. 75 Road Street, and I cannot resist the impulse to ask your readers to call and see it, as it is not surpassed by any you will meet in the South, not in Baltimore will you find one more elegantly fitted up except its deficiency in gas lights which the Doctor hopes to supply soon. It is a two story brick building, 65 by 27 feet, with dwelling above. The lower story is divided into Dispensing Room, Office, Ware Room and Laboratory. The Store Room is very light. The front being entirely of plate glass, nine pieces 90 inches long, with two doors and one window, glass 56 x 90. The doors being double, shut one upon the other, and when open, as in summer, are folded back into a recess to the wall, making a straight line with the door and an elegant finish. The floors and flanges to the same being of plate glass, 90 inches long, does not impede the light open or shut. The floor is almost even with the pavement and is covered with a carpet of cocoa matting. There are two counters on either side, 12 feet long, beautifully white splendidly finished, and of good design with Italian marble tops. Their ends 8 feet from the doors, pass at right angle to the wall. On the right hand one is a Tennessee Marble Fountain, and on the other an Aquarium of Gold and other Fish. On either side between the door and counter, is a fine silver mounted walnut Show Case, 5 feet high, fastened to the wall a beautiful and attractive ornament to display Fancy Articles, and in the rear a Poison Case of the same kind. Three find silver mounted and one plate glass Prescription Case, with scroll and clock on top, and one fine balance scale adorn the counters. There are over 120 drawers which make a fine display, they are of sweet gum varnished, which is the prettiest wood that could be used. The shelves are supported on iron brackets, at the terminus of which, 3 feet from the ceiling, is a snow white cornice, interlined with two strips of gilt mouldings. The wall and entire store is pure white except the drawers and when lighted presents a very imposing display.

Last but not least, is the "little jewel" of an office, which is so much needed by every business man. The Doctor is doing, as he tells us, an extensive and lucrative office practice. It is fitted up in fine style, with every modern necessity and examiuations are made with as much privacy as in your own home. The Laboratory is not yet finsshed, but when done will be a very responsible part of the establishment. The Doctor keeps a large stock of gold pertaining to the Drug Trade.

VISITOR.

September 1872.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

"Unquestionably the best sustained work of the kind in the World."

HARPER'S MAGAZINE.

Notices of the Press.

The ever-increasing circulation of this excellent mouthly proves its continued adaptation to popular desires and needs. Indeed, when we think into how many homes it penetrates every month, we must consider it as one of the educators as well as entertainers of the public mind, for its vast popularity has been won by no appeal to stupid prejudices or depraved tastes.—*Boston Globe.*

The character which this *Magazine* posesses for variety, enterprise, artistic wealth, and literary culture that has kept pace with, if it has not led the times should cause its conductors to regard it with justifiable complacency. It also entitles them to a great claim upon the public gratitude. The *Magazine* has done good and not evil all the days of its life.—*Brooklin Eagle.*

SUBSCRIPTIONS.—1873.

TERMS:

HARPER'S MAGAZINE, one year $4 00

An extra copy of either the MAGBZINE, WEEKLY, or BAZAR *will be supplied gratis for every Club of* FIVE SUBSCRIBERS *at* $4 00 *each, in one remittance; or, Six Copies for* $20 00 *without extra copy.*

Subscriptions to HARPER'S MAGAZINE, WEEKLY *and* BASAR, *to one address for one year,* $10 00; *or two of Harper's Periodicals to one address for one year,* $7 00.

Back Numbers can be supplied at any time. A Complete Set of Harper's Magazine, now comprising 45 volumes, in neat cloth binding, will be sent by express, freight at expense of purchaser, for $2 25 per volume. Single Volumes by mail, post-paid, $3 00. Cloth cases for binding, 58 cents, by mail, post-paid.

The postage on Harper's Magazine is 24 cents a year, which must be paid at the subscriber's post-office. Address,

HARPER & BROTHERS, New York.

"A complete Pictorial History of the Times."
"The best, cheapest, and most successful Family Paper in the Union.

HARPER'S WEEKLY.

SPLENDIDLY ILLUSTRATED.

Notices of the Press.

The *Weekly* is the ablest and most powerful illustrated periodical published in this country. Its editorials are secularly and convincing, and carry much weight. Its illustrations of current events are full and fresh, and are prepared by our best designers. With a circulation of 150,00), the *Weekly* is read by at least half a million persons and its influence as an organ of opinion is simply tremendous. The *Weekly* maintains a positive position, and expresses decided views on political and social problems.—*Louisville Courier-Journal.*

SUBSCRIPTIONS.—1873.

TERMS:

HARPER'S WEEKLY, one year $4 00

An extra copy of either the MAGAZINE, WEEKLY, or BAZAR *will be supplied gratis for every Club of* FIVE SUBSCRIBERS *at* $4 00 *each, in one remittance; or, Six Copies for* $20 00, *without extra copy.*

Subscriptions to HARPER'S MAGAZINE, WEEKLY, *and* BAZAR *to one address for one year,* $10 00; *or, two of Harper's Periodicals, to one address for one year,* $7 00.

Back numbers can be supplied at any time

The Annual Volumes of Harper's Weekly, in neat cloth binding, will be sent by express free of expense for $7 00 each. [A Complete Set, comprising Sixteen Volumes, sent on receipt of cash at the rate of $5 25 per vol., freight at expense of purchaser.

The postage on Harper's Weekly is 20 cents a year, which must be paid at the subscriber's post-office. Address,

HARPER & BROTHERS, New York.

"A Repository of Fashion, Pleasure, and Instruction."

HARPER'S BAZAR.

Notices of the Press.

The *Bazar* is edited with a contribution of tact and talent that we seldom find in any journal; and the journal itself is the organ of the great world of fashion.—*Boston Traveller.*

The *Bazar* commends itself to every member of the household—to the children by droll and pretty pictures, to the young ladies by its endless variety, to the provident matron by its patterns for the children's clothes, to *paterfamilias* by its tasteful designs for embroidered slippers and luxurious dressing-gounds. But the reading-matter of the *Bazar* is uniformly of great excellence. The paper has acquired a wide popularity for the fireside enjoyment it affords.—*N. Y. Evening Post.*

SUBSCRIPTIONS.—1873.

TERMS:

Harper's Bazar, one year, $4 00.

An Extra Copy of either the Magazine, Weekly, or Bazar will be supplied gratis for every Club of Five Subscribers at $4 00 *each, in one remittance; or, Six Copies for* $20 00, *without extra copy.*

Subscriptions to Harper's Magazine, Weekly, and Bazar, to one address for one year, $10 00; *or, two of Harper's Periodicals, to one address for one year,* $7 00.

Back Numbers can be supplied at any time.

The five volumes of Harper's Bazar, for the years 1868, '69 '70, '71, '72, elegantly bound in green morocco cloth, will be sent by express, freight prepaid for $7 00 each.

The postage on Harper's Bazar is 20 cents a year, which must be paid at the subscriber's post-office. Address.

HARPER & BROTHERS, New York.

HO! For the Fall and Winter Trade.

HEAD QUARTERS AT THE CANAL BRIDGE.

Merchandize of all kinds and Groceries of the best qualities always on hand.

STOVES! STOVES!!

Also a splendid assortment of Stoves.
COME AND GIVE ME A CALL.
C. B. BROTHERS.

Elizabeth City, N. C.

North Carolina, Washington County, Plymouth Township. } Before Justice's Court.

William West *Against* A. C. Furniss. } Summons Attachment.

It appearing to the undersigned a Justice of the Peace of said county that the defendant A. C. Furniss is a nonresident of North Carolina, and a summons in said action having been returned "not to be found" by the sheriff of said County; the above named defendant A. C. Furniss is hereby notified to appear before the undersigned Justice at the Court House at Plymouth Washington County N. C., on Friday the

NORTH CAROLINIAN

WEDNESDAY, NOV. 20, 1872.

☞TO NORTHERN VISITORS.☜

Elizabeth City is 50 miles South East of Norfolk, Va. Parties coming here from the North should take passage on the Bay line Steamers which leave Baltimore at 4 P. M. every evening, and arrive at Portsmouth the next morning in time to connect with the Elizabeth City Steamers, daily.

THIS WEEK'S ADVERTISEMENTS.

We call attention to the following new advertisements in this issue.

Harper's Magazine.
Harper's Weekly.
Harper's Bazar.

Local and Personal.

☞Water Street has assumed a busy appearance again.

☞The Blue Fisheries at Roanoke are doing a lively business.

☞Cotton picking is closing and Corn gathering is beginning in earnest.

☞We learn that the new Hotel will be ready for boarders and guests by the 1st of January.

☞According to the returns from the Department of Agriculture but 92 per cent of the average Cotton crop may be expected this year.

☞We have no report from any of the Public Schools. We fear there is not the proper attention paid to or interest taken in them.

☞The latest name for the horse disease is "Hippohinorrher." The genius who invented it is as well as could be expected.

☞An old Farmer in town the other day said he was afraid his horse was "gettin' the zoology, or Hippotomas, or some o'them diseases," and he would have to hurry home.

☞Our Ulster, Pa., correspondent will accept our thanks for his kind letter. We are glad to know the NORTH CAROLINAN is so highly appreciated in his section.

☞If you turn around in the street to see what the person you have just passed has on, you will be very apt to be confronted by that person looking back to see what you have on. Fact.

☞Our "Imp" don't exactly fancy the new style of bonnet. He says it is a cross between a locomotive smoke stack and a custard cup! It is naughty in him to be making remarks.

☞From the Raleigh papers we learn that C. W. Grandy, Jr., Senator from Pasquotank, F. M. Godfrey, Representative from Pasquotank, James Sharp, Representative from Hertford, S. A. Jones, Representative from Camden, O. N. Grey, from Dare, are at the National.

☞A cotemporary takes the ground that the public should patronize only those business men who advertise. It pays them to acquaint the people with what they have to sell, and it pays you also, reader, to buy only from such parties. Try it, and be convinced.

☞We are indebted to Hon J. W. ALBERTSON for a copy of the Address of the United States Centenial Commission, which we take pleasure in publishing this week. The subject is one of more than common interest and we hope early steps will be taken in this State to carry out the suggestions of the Committee. It ought to be done. The celebration ought to show how greatness, wealth, and intelligence can be fostered by the institutions which have a hundred years blessed the people of the United Statss.

☞One of the most practical and at the same time most successfull farmers in this county is Dr. W. G. POOL. He thoroughly systematises all his operations and does what the *true* farmer always should do, works the brain as well as the muscles in every department of his large plantation. And he is making it pay—his products showing the wisdom of the course he adopts. The other day he sent us samples of the turnips, sweet and Irish potatoes he is now gathering. We never saw finer of either in any market. They were beautiful to look at as well as most excellent to eat.

☞Well, we went, we mean to thet Skating Rink the other night, and MATHEWS—may his shadow never grow less—was right, we *did* "feel young again." We enjoyed it—of course we did—seeing the merry girls and gallant boys indulging in the exciting and exhilarating amusement and exercise, and before we were aware of it we found ourself intensely interested in the grand tournament which is one of the specialities every Friday evening. The "Rink" has become an *institution* of our town, and as the Proprietor has three objects in view—to give healthful exercise to the young, furnish pleasant amusement for the public and make a little money for himself, all of which are worthy and commendable, it *ought* to be "a success."

☞Most truly observes a cotempory that nothing presents a sadder commentary upon the present condition of society, than the large number of families, both in town and country, but more especially in the latter, that subscribe to no paper of any kind. Hundreds and thousands of families are thus growing up utterly ignorant of what is transpiring around them—and ignorant of the mighty events of the day. But who can tell the vast amount of injury that is being inflicted upon the rising generation—those who are to take our place in the busy world at no distant day—growing up without any knowledge of the present, or any study of the past; this ignorance, too, being imbued into them by the sanction of those who should and doubtless do know better, did they only think of the injurious effects of their insane course. Let the head of every family think of this, and place in the hands of those for whom he is responsible, the means of acquiring some knowledge of the moving panorama in which we act our different parts.

☞E. J. BOSWORTH Esq., of Blossburg, Pa., arrived on Tuesday evening's boat.

☞We learn that in the early days of our town, when the adventurous settlers were threatened with an attack by savages, or scarcity of corn, or were suffering from some prevailing distemper, a certain worthy Parson, who was physician to the bodies as well as the souls of his flock, would enter the particulars in his diary with the doleful comment, "matters are in a sad toss," or "it is as melancholy time as ever the country knew." Were the good old man alive now he might find the inconveniences and losses resulting from the prevailing horse distemper matter for a similar comment. Some of the people who began with joking about the "horse desease" now pull long faces when it is mentioned. At first every little mishap or miscarriage or delay was humorously charged to "epizootic," but now serious delays and worse disappointments are occurring and "epizootic," is the cause sure enough. Our merchants, our grocers—everybody is disappointed in delays in receiving their supplies. Those who have neglected to lay in their winter supplies of fuel look dubiously at their empty yards, and many who always rode are being obliged to use their legs again. Well to the extent that it promotes pedestrianism it may prove an advantage after all. So far as it puts everybody on their feet it tends to reduce all to an equal footing. Somebody once said that the horse is the personification of aristocracy, and that deprived of his services, we are all on an equality. If that is so the "epizootic" is fostering democracy and an equality of privileges. One fact we know; some who had grown too lazy to walk home to their dinners find an increase of appetite in the unwonted exercise of walking. On reflection, we conclude it isn't as bad as it might be. We don't think it will deprive us from our customary indulgence in a hearty Thanksgiving Dinner. We are *sure* it won't if some appreciative friend sends us a fat Turkey.

LOCAL PORT-FOLIO.

Gold—113. Beginning to nip things—the frost. *Economi*-zing—the "paper 'round the corner" coming down to poster size. Ungrateful—members of the Greeley Club cursing Uncle Horace after the election. He ran the very best he could. More unpopular than ever—crow meat. Wise business men—those who use printers ink. Only six weeks more—of leap year. Bought by the yard but worn by the foot—carpets. Visionary fruit—the apple of the eye. "I must be off"—as the fly said when he set on the stove. Getting cooler—the weather. Mighty scarce—local news. For recreation and amusement—go to the Skating Rink.

Business Locals.

A good line of store goods at Brodrick and Smith's.

A large supply of coal at Brodrick and Smith's.

A large assortment of Boots and shoes at Brodrick and Smith's.

Constantly getting new goods at Fowler's on Water St.

Umbrellas, Hats, Caps and Notions at Brodrick and Smith's.

A full line of dry goods and clothing just received at Brodrick and Smith's. Water St.

The great book. "The Industries of the United States," of which everybody should have a copy, can be bought at this office. Price $3,00.

Brodrick and Smith are opening an entire new stock of goods at their new store on Water St.

Splendid Oysters, and done up in the very best styles, at Fulmers popular Eating Saloon, on Water Street. Go and try them, and take your friends with you.

Brodrick and Smith have just opened a large assortment of Groceries, Hardware, Paints, Oils, Varnishes, etc., etc

The cheapest place to purchase Clothing, Notions, Trunks &c., is at the great house of Lowenburg & Jaccobs 22 & 24 Market Square, Norfolk Vr.

In spite of the "Epizootic," Brodrick and Smith's entire new stock of general merchandise has arrived and will be sold at low rates.

Select your Boots and Shoes while they are cheap. The Boston fire has raised the price, but Brodrick and Smith's were bought before, and will be sold at old prices.

Proceedings of Commissioners.

At a call from the Chairman the Commissioners met Monday Nov. 18th. Present C. W. Smith Chairman, Edmond Daily and Emanuel Davis.

The following bills were presented and allowed: $10 to James W. Bright for taking tax list in New Land, $10 to same for taking census of children, $6 to same for four days services as clerk and $5 to same for services as Poll Inspecter and $6 to each of the following for services as Poll Inspecters: J. W. Wood, John Johnson, Wm. Turner, J. B. Cartwright, Seth Morgan, Hugh Cale and J. T. Cartwright, $3 to S. J. Halstead for extra services as Register, $9.37 to Sam'l Modlin for Nails for Newbegun Creek bridge, $13.24, to A. W. Morgan for services as Register, and $32.05; to W. E. Vaughan for stationary and fees.

JNO. T. PRICE,
Clerk.

Electoral Vote for President.

In the first election, at which only ten of the States voted, the choice of electors in all save one (Virginia) was made by the Legislatures. Of the sixty-nine electoral votes, George Washington received every one. In the second election for President, in 1792, Washington again received all the electoral votes, 130. In the third, at which he declined to be a candidate, John Adams was elected after a hard struggle, receiving 71 out of the 138 votes. In the fourth election, with every State voting for electors after its own fashion, the Electoral College was divided into 77 votes for Thomas Jefferson, and 77 for Aron Burr, and the election devolved upon the House of Representatives. The end of that memorable struggle was the choice of Thomas Jefferson for President, and a constitutional amendment preventing the recurrence of such a state of affairs in the future. In the fifth election Thomas Jefferson was again successful, receiving 164 out of 179 electoral votes. In the sixth election James Madison received 122 out of 176 votes. In the seventh he had 128 to 89 for De Witt Clinton. James Monroe, his successor, had at his first election 183 to 34 for Rufus King, and at his second 228 to 1 for John Quincy Adams, almost a unanimous vote. In 1824 Andrew Jackson received 99 votes, John Quincy Adams 84, W. H. Crawford 41, and Henry Clay 37. The election devolved upon the House of Representatives, and Adams was chosen by the vote of Kentucky, cast by Mr. Clay. Since that time the vote has stood as follows:

Year.	*Candidate.*	*Party.*	*Electoral Vote.*
1828	Andrew Jackson	Democrat	178
"	John Q. Adams	Federal	83
1832	Andrew Jackson	Democrat	219
"	Henry Clay	Whig	49
"	John Floyd	Whig	11
"	William Wirt	Whig	7
1836	Martin Van Buren	Democrat	170
"	W. H. Harrison	Whig	73
"	Hugh L. White	Whig	26
"	Daniel Webster	Whig	14
"	W. P. Mangum	Whig	11
1840	Martin Van Buren	Democrat	60
"	W. H. Harrison	Whig	234
"	James G. Birney	Liberty	
1844	James K. Polk	Democrat	170
"	Henry Clay	Whig	105
"	James G. Birney	Liberty	
1848	Zachary Taylor	Whig	163
"	Lewis Cass	Democrat	107
"	Martin Van Buren	Free Soil	
1852	Franklin Pierce	Democrat	254
"	Windfield Scott	Whig	42
"	John P. Hale	Free Soil	
1856	James Buchanan	Democrat	174
"	John C. Fremont	Republican	114
"	Millard Fillmore	American	8
1860	Abraham Lincoln	Republican	180
"	S. A. Douglas	Democrat	12
"	J. C. Breckinridge	Democrat	72
"	John Bell	Union	39
1864	Abraham Lincoln	Republican	216
"	Geo. B. McClellan	Democrat	21
1868	U. S. Grant	Republican	214
"	Horatio Seymour	Democrat	80

THE WARNING HAS BEEN HEEDED.—Since the exposure of the attempts made by certain unscrupulous local dealers, to palm off their coarse astringents made from cheap and impure materials, in the place of the great national tonic, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters public opinion has strongly against these empirics and their predarations. Their occupation is gone, or soon will be. When the light is let into deception it soon wilts down. Persons who trifle with their own health, by using unknown preparations, with no guarantee to sustain them, when an established specific, proven by twenty years experience to be exactly what it is claimed to be, is within their reach, are sure to reporte their temerity. Many have done so this instance, but it is cepal that the truth plainly spoken has arrested to evil. In the meantime the demand for the leading protective and restorative medicine of America was never so great as it has been this season. From the fever and ague districts of the west, southwest, and south, it is literally overwhelming, and it may be said of the advices from all parts of the country of the cures it is effecting in dispepsia, billious complaints, and chronic constipation, that "their name is legion." Everywhere the sick and feeble seem to have realized the importance of "holding fast that which is good," and of avoiding what is spurious and dangerous.

The numerous "Bitters," under various names, which mercenary dealers endeavor to substitute for Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, should be avoided, for their own sakes, by the sick and the public at large. Hostetter's Bitters are procurable in bottles only, and never sold in bulk.

Beware of Counterfeits!

JOB MOSES' SIR JAMES CLARKE'S FEMALE PILLS

are extensively COUNTERFEITED. *Dishonest Druggists endeavor to sell the counterfeits to make greater profits. The genuine have the name of* **Job Moses** *on each package. All others are worthless imitations.* The GENUINE Pills are unfailing in the cure of all those painful and dangerous diseases to which the female constitution is subject. They moderate all excesses and remove all obstructions, from whatever cause.

TO MARRIED LADIES

they are particularly suited. They will in a short time bring on the monthly period with regularity; and although very powerful, contain nothing hurtful to the constitution. In all cases of Nervous and Spinal Affections, Pains in the Back and Limbs, Fatigue on slight exertion, Palpitation of the Heart, Hysterics and Whites, they will effect a cure when all other means have failed. The circulars around each package give full directions and advice, or will be sent free to all writing for them, sealed from observation.

N. B.—In all cases where the GENUINE cannot be obtained, One Dollar enclosed to the Sole Proprietor, JOB MOSES, 18 Cortlandt St., New York, will insure a bottle of the *genuine*, containing Fifty Pills, by return mail, *securely sealed* from any knowledge of its contents.

RELIEF IN TEN MINUTES.

BRYAN'S PULMONIC WAFERS

Cure COUGHS, COLDS, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, SORE THROAT, HOARSENESS, DIFFICULT BREATHING, INCIPIENT CONSUMPTION and LUNG DISEASES. They have no taste of medicine, and any child will take them. Thousands have been restored to health that had before despaired. Testimony given in hundreds of cases. Ask for BRYAN'S PULMONIC WAFERS. Price 25 cents per box. JOB MOSES, Proprietor, 18 Cortlandt Street, New York.

THE GREAT FRENCH REMEDY.

DELAMARRE'S SPECIFIC PILLS.

Prepared by J. GARANCIERE,
No. 214 Rue Lombard, Paris.

These pills are highly recommended by the entire Medical Faculty of France as the very best remedy in all cases of Spermatorrhœa, or Seminal Weakness; Nightly, Daily or *Premature* Emissions; Sexual Weakness or *Impotency*; Weakness arising from Secret Habits and Sexual Excesses; *Relaxation* of the Genital Organs; Weak Spine; Deposits in the Urine, and all the ghastly train of Diseases arising from Overuse or Excesses. They cure when all other remedies fail. Pamphlet of Advice in each box, or will be sent Free to any address. Price $1 per Box. Sent by mail, *securely sealed from all observation*, on receipt of price. OSCAR G. MOSES, 18 Cortlandt Street, New York, Sole Agent for America.

Norfolk Market.

Cotton 18c. Flour from $6 to $13 according to quality. Corn meal from 90c to 95c. Wheat from $1,40 to $180 accorcing to quality. Dorn 60c. Flaxseed $1,50. Pork from $14 to $16,25. Ham from 17c to 19c per lb.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Dr. Tutt's Liver Pills.

As a purgative medicine stands unrivalled. Their action is uniform, certain and safe. They are entirely vegetable and do not cause those griping pains that most pills do.

Dr. Wm. H Tutt: AUG. "A November 9, 1869.
Dear Sir—I have long been a sufferer of torpid of the Liver and Dyspepsia and in search of relief I have tried almost every Medicine recommended to cases but have never derived relief like some of mine stance, as I have from your Vegetable Liver Pills. They are invaluable, and I would recommend to all with Dyspepsia Sick-Headache and Biliousness.
Yours Truly,
W. J. ELAIR, Late of Danville Va.

Dr. Tutt's Hair Dye leaves no ridiculous tints,

MAKE MONEY Fast and honorably, by at once applying for a territorial right, (which are given free to agents, to sell the best, strongest, and most useful and rapid selling Sewing Machine, and Patent Button Hole Worker, ever used or recommended by families, or buy one of your own use; it is only $5. Sent free everywhere by express. Address for particulars, JEROME B. HUDSON & CO., Corner Greenwich and Courtlandt Streets New York. 13-6m.

A LARGE AND VALUABLE FARM FOR SALE.

The subscriber desiring to lessen his farming operations, offers for sale privately until the 17th December next, and if not sold at that time, at public auction on the premises at 12 o'clock M. that valuable and productive plantation, a part of the far-famed "Turkey Ridge Body" known as the Whedbee place, containing by estimate One Thousand and Ninety acres. This farm is one of the most productive in North Carolina, and in the hands of an enterprising and industrious farmer could be made a most profitable and paying investment. It is beautifully adapted to all the crops of this climate, corn, wheat, oats, cotton, peas, potatoes, fruits, clover and the grasses generally. It is convenient to navigation, the main barn which is nearly in the centre of the farm being only two and a half miles from a landing on Perquimans River. The buildings are in good order, and there is a sufficiency for eight or ten families to be comfortable, with an abundance of fire wood and rail timber. The fences and ditches are in complete order, nearly every ditch on the premises either having been trimmed and cut out this fall, or now being done so. In addition to the open land, there is a large Deadening of One Hundred and Fifty acres ready to come into cultivation, and in quality not to be surpassed by any in the State. The owner who resides about five miles below it in Durants Neck will take pleasure in showing it and pointing out its advantages to any parties who may desire to examine it until the day of sale.

TERMS. Three Thousand Dollars Cash and, the remainder in equal installments of one; two three and four years with interest at 8 per cent., and the title retained until the money is paid.

After the sale will be offered Twenty (20) mules and horses besides cattle, hogs, farming utensels, corn, fodder, &c. Terms made known on day of sale.

R. C. JENKINS.
Durants Neck, N. C.
Oct. 16th, 1872.-til day of sale.

"THE OLD MERCHANT"

S. Weisel,

Corner Main and Water Streets,

ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

Dealer in all kinds of Foreign and Domestic Dry Goods, Linens, Cloths, Cassimeres, Clothing, Trimmings, Silks, and Fancy Dress Goods. Also Hats, Caps and the very best assortment of Boots and Shoes.

☞The best assortment and quality of Goods kept in the City.
April 11th, 1872.-1yr.

NOTICE.

All kinds of Liquors, from common Whisky to the finest French Brandy; also all kinds of Family Grocrries for sale hy

DASHIELL & PRICE.

Corner Road and Ehringhaus Sts., B. F. Keaton's old stand.

Sept. 4th, 1872.-4t.

THE GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER

Possessing powerful invigorating

PROPERTIES & A PLEASANT DRINK

These Bitters are positively invaluable in

SKIN DISEASES & ERUPTIONS

They purify the system, and will cure

DYSPEPSIA & GENERAL DEBILITY

Remittent and Intermittent Fevers,

NERVOUS DISEASES LIVER COMPLAINT

and are a preventive of Chills and Fever.

DISEASES OF THE KIDNEY & BLADDER

All yield to their powerful efficacy.

ARE GOOD FOR THE MENTAL ORGANIZATION

Are an antidote to change of Water and Diet.

THEY WILL RESTORE YOUTHFUL VIGOR

to the wasted frame, and correct all

IRREGULARITY OF THE BOWELS

Will save days of suffering to the sick, and

CURES NEVER WELL PEOPLE

The grand Panacea for all the ills of life.

TRY ONE BOTTLE

The Standard BITTERS OF GERMANY FOR FEMALE COMPLAINTS In Young or Old, Married or Single, these Bitters are unequalled and have often been the means of saving life. PHYSICIANS THERE, PRESCRIBE IT IN THEIR PRACTICE.

TRY ONE BOTTLE.

H. & M. Nov. 9-1yr.

A VALUABLE FISHERY FOR SALE—

The undersigned offers for sale his old established Fishery at the mouth of Scouppernong River N. C., with 1000 yards of Seine, Boats, Stands etc., complete, all in good condition. There can be 1200 yards of Seine fished at this Fishery. and one million of Herrings have been caught during a season.

Any one wishing to enter into this business now has a chance to make money. Terms made easy. For particulars inquire personally or by letter of,

J. W. ETHERIDGE.
51—tf. Manteo Dare Co. N. C

REYNOLDSON MALE INSTITUTE.—

REYNOLDSON, GATES CO., N. C.

The next session will begin on the first Monday in October.

TERMS

Board, (washing, fuel, and lights *included*) per month..... $11.00
Tuition—per session of 20 weeks from..... $20.00 to 22.00

For circulars, address

J. F. HOWELL,
-3m Principal.

WANTED. We will give energetic men and women.

BUSINESS THAT WILL PAY

from $4 to $8 per day, can be pursued in your own neighborhood, and is strictly honorable. Particulars free, or samples that will enable you to go to work at once, will be sent on receipt of two three cent stamps. Address

J. LATHAM & CO.,
18-6t. 292 Washington St., Boston, Mass,

ROWELL'S COLUMN.

ARE YOU GOING TO PAINT?

THE

AVERILL CHEMICAL PAINT

has proved itself to be the

HANDSOMEST AND MOST DURABLE EXTERIOR PAINT KNOWN.

Sample card of beautiful colors and recommendations from owner of the finest residences in the country furnished free by all dealers and by

AVERILL CHEMICAL PAINT CO.,

32 Burling Slip, New Xork,
or, Cleveland, Ohio.

AGENTS WANTED FOR COBBIN'S

CHILD'S COMMENTATOR

ON THE BIBLE, for the HOME CIRCLE. 1,200 pages, 250 Engravings. The best enterprise of the year for Agents. Every family will have it. Nothing like it now published For Circulars address, H. S. GOODSPEED & CO., 37 Park Row, New York.

GREAT CURIOSITY.—A $3 Magazine of the highest order for $1. Agents wanted in every town on perpetual income. Send 10c for Specimen to "SMITH'S DOLLAR MAGAZINE," 51 Liberty Street, N. Y.

ASTHMA,—

THE subscribers are Manufacturer's Agents for R. W. Reed's celebrated ASTHMA REMEDY, the best remedy for Asthma yet discovered. Instant relief guaranteed or purchase money refunded. The medicine is put up in three sizes, which retail for 25c., 50c., and $1 Peasons remitting price will have the medicine free by mail or express. Also samples sent free to any who desire. ETHERIDGE, TULLER & CO., Rome, N. Y.

HOW, WHEN AND WHERE TO

ADVERTISE.

SEE THE

ADVERTISERS' GAZETTE.

BY MAIL, 25 CENTS.

GEO. P. ROWELL & CO.,

41 Park Row, New York.

AGENTS WANTED.—Agents make more money at work for us than at anything else. Business light and permanent. Particulars free. G. STINSON & CO., Fine Art Publishers, Portland, Maine.

TREES! FLOWERS! BULBS!

SEEDS! HEDGE PLANTS!

Nursery Stock Fruit and Flower Plates!

Address F. K. PHŒNIX,

BLOOMINGTON NURSERY,

ILLINOIS.

600 Acres; 21st year; 12 Greenhouses. Apple, 1,000 1 yr., $20; 2 yr., $30; 3 yrs., $40; 4 yrs., $50 4 Catalogues, 20 cents.
4—4m.

MISCELLANEOUS.

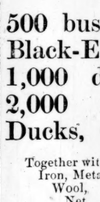
REMOVAL! REMOVAL!!

DR. JAS. N. BUTT. "The Popular Druggist," has removed his Stock of Drugs, Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Dye Stuffs, Window Glass and Patent Medicines to his Fine and Commodious

STORE.

J. M. MATHEWS,

WATCH MAKER AND JEWELER,



HAVING located in the Guirkin building, near the corner of Main and Road Sts., Elizabeth City, N. C. is prepared to operate in the Watch Maker and Jeweler business in all its departments. He respectfully solicit a share of patronage.
April 18th, 1872.-1yr.

$500,000 IN BANK.

GRAND GIFT CONCERT

Postponed to Dec. 7, 1872.

THE SECOND GRAND GIFT CONCERT in aid of the Public Library in Kentucky, announced for September 28, has been postponed to December 7, 1872, because the accumulation of orders the few days before the drawing made it physically impossible to fill them without a few days' delay, and as a short postponement was inevitable, it was determined to defer it to a time that would make a full drawing sure by the sale of all the tickets.

The money necessary to pay in full all the offered gifts is now upon deposit in the Farmer's and Drovers' Bank, as will be seen by the following certificate of the Cashier:

FARMERS' AND DROVERS' BANK.
LOUISVILLE, KY., Sept. 26. 1872.

This is to certify that there is now on deposit in this bank over half a million of dollars to the credit of the Gift Concert fund, $500,000 of which is held by this bank as Treasurer of the Public Library of Kentucky to pay off all gifts to be awarded at the drawing.

R. S. VEACH, Cashier.

1,000 Prizes, amounting to

$500,000 IN CASH,

will be awarded, the highest prizes being $100,000, $50,000, $25,000, and down in regular gradation to $100, which is the lowest.

The drawing will positively and unequivocally take place December 7. Agents are peremptorily required to close sales and make returns November 25, in order to give ample time for final arrangements. Orders for tickets or applications for circulars should be addressed to

Gov. THOMAS E. BRAMLETTE,
Agent Public Library of Kentucky,
16—1m. Louisville, Ky.

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE

Estate of Aquilla P. Hyman.

The undersigned hereby gives notice that he has been chosen by the creditors as Assignee of the Estate of Aquilla P. Hyman, of Halifax Co., who has been adjudged a Bankrupt by the District Court of the United States for the Albemarle District of North Carolina.

H. HUGHES, Assignee,
Jackson, N. C.
16-3

BUGGIES AND CARRIAGES!

FROM one of the best Manufactories in the United States, (McLear and Kendell, Wilmington Del.) I have and will continue to recieve a full assortment of BUGGIES, with and without tops, which I will sell very cheap. Also Harness, Saddles, Bridles, Whips, &c., also on hand. As I deal direct from the Manufacturers I can sell at prices to defy competition. Orders respectfully solicited Road street near Main, Elizabeth City, N. C.
Dec. 7. 1871-1y. MILES COMMANDER.

WANTED!

500 bushels Black and Black-Eyed Peas.
1,000 dozen Eggs,
2,000 Chickens and Ducks,

Together with Woolen and Cotton Rags, Iron, Metals, Hides, Furs, Beeswax, Wool, Cotton, Rope, Seine, Net, Bagging, Canvas, Waste Paper, Books, all kinds of Barrels, etc., etc.,

WANTED AT

C. C. Price & Son's,

Main Street,

(Nearly opposite Court House Square),

ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

BLOODED STOCK.

I have sixty head of Ayeshire, Devon and Durham Stock which I will sell to parties in Eastern Carolina on reasonable terms.

F. D. BUNNELL,
Wellsboro, Pa.

Apply to J. M. Bunnel, at Pendleton's Hotel, E. City. 12—tf.

SEED OATS.

The undersigned can furnish the farmers of Eastern Carolina any quantity of Seed Oats of the Canada and English Rahway varieties—the best now raised. Price $3 per bushel.

F. D. BUNNELL,
Wellsboro, Pa.

Apply to J. M. Bunnel at Pendleton's Hotel, E. City. 12—tf.

FURNITURE

FURNITURE!!

Ho ye that need anything in the line of

FURNITURE

GO TO THE

FURNITURE STORE

ON

WATER STREET,

ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

AND MAKE YOUR SELECTION.

P. W. MELICK.

November 6th, 1872.—tf.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE Board of Trustees of the University of North Carolina, will be held in the Governor's office, on the third Tuesday in November, 1872.

TOD R. CALDWELL,
President of the Board of Trustees.
R. W. LASSITER, Secretary. 18—4t

MISCELLANEOUS.

FOUTZ'S

CELEBRATED

Horse and Cattle Powders.

This preparation, long and favorably known, will thoroughly re-invigorate broken down and low-spirited horses, by strengthening and cleansing the stomach and intestines.

It is a sure preventive of all diseases incident to this animal, such as LUNG FEVER, GLANDERS, YELLOW WATER, HEAVES, COUGHS, DISTEMPER, FEVERS, FOUNDER, LOSS OF APPETITE AND VITAL ENERGY, &c. Its use improves the wind, increases the appetite—gives a smooth and glossy skin—and transforms the most miserable skeleton into a fine-looking and spirited horse.

To keepers of Cows this preparation is invaluable. It is a sure preventive against Rinderpest, Hollow Horn, etc. It has been proven by actual experiment to increase the quantity of milk and cream twenty per cent. and make the butter firm and sweet. In fattening cattle, it gives them an appetite, loosens their hide, and makes them thrive much faster.

In all diseases of Swine, such as Coughs, Fevers in the Lungs, Liver, &c., this article acts as a specific. By putting from one-half a paper to a paper in a barrel of swill the above diseases will be eradicated or entirely prevented. If given in time, a certain preventive and cure for the Hog Cholera.

DAVID E. FOUTZ, Proprietor,
BALTIMORE, Md.

For sale by Druggists and Storekeepers throughout the United States. Canadas and South America.

For Sale by DR. D. T. KREBS & CO.
E. City, N. C. Oct. 5, 1871-1y.

FRANK M. COOK,

WATCH MAKER & JEWELER,

AGENT FOR THE

Home Shuttle Sewing Machine,

THIS UNEQUALLED SEWING MACHINE uses a straight, needle and drop under feed, "Lock Stitch," (alike on both sides.)

Has a self adjusting Tension, and is adapted to every variety of sewing for family wear, from the lightest muslins to the heaviest cloth and will even sew Lether.

It will Hem, Fell, Bind, Cord, Braid, Seam, Tuck, Ruffle, Hemstitch Gather, and sew on at the same time, and will work equally as well on Silk, Linen, Woolen and cotton goods, with Silk Linen or cotton thread.

PRICE LIST.

No. 1 to Turn by Hand.....$25,00
No. 2 complete with table Treadle....$37,00
No. 3 complete with table treadle and cover.....$42.00
No. 4 nice cabinet case.....$75.00

WARRANTEE.

Every Machine is warranted perfect in every respect, and if any part fails, from any imperfection within five years I will supply the part free of cost.

Agents wanted in the Counties of Gates, Chowan, Perquimans, Camden, Currituck and Dare.

Office No. 70 Road Street.

E. City, N. C.

FRUIT TREES.

Large Stock and Unequalled Assortment. FOR FALL PLANTING. Send for Catalogue and Price List

5-5m. EDW, D J. EVANS & CO., YORK, PA.

THE

DRUG EMPORIUM

OF

DR. D. T. KREBS & CO.,

Corner Main and Road Street

The place to buy *Cheap.*

GO TO THE

DRUG EMPORIUM

TO BUY PURE

LEAD, ZINC, OILS

AND PAINTS

OF ALL COLORS.

GO TO THE

DRUG EMPORIUM

TO BUY

PURE MEDICINES

OF ALL KIND.

GO TO THE

DRUG EMPORIUM

TO BUY

GLASS AND

PUTTY.

GO TO THE

DRUG EMPORIUM

To Buy Your Toilet Articles

GO TO THE

DRUG EMPORIUM

To Buy Statianary of Every Style.

GO TO THE

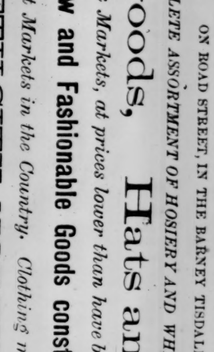
DRUG EMPORIUM

To Have Your Prescriptions carefully compounded.

MISCELLANEOUS.

THE NEW DISCOVERY

In Chemical and Medical Science.



Dr. E. F. GARVIN'S

SOLUTION & COMPOUND ELIXIR

OF

TAR

FIRST AND ONLY SOLUTION ever made in one mixture of ALL THE TWELVE valuable active principals of the well known curative agent,

PINE TREE TAR,

UNEQUALED in Coughs, Colds, Catarrh, Asthma, Bronchitis, and consumption.

CURES WITHOUT FAIL

A recent cold in three to six hours; and also, by its VITALISING, PURIFYING and STIMULATING effects upon the general system, is remarkably efficacious in all

DISEASES OF THE BLOOD,

including Scrofula and Eruptions of the skin, Dyspepsia, Diseases of the Liver and Kidneys, Heart Disease, and General Debility.

ONE TRIAL CONVINCES!

ALSO, A

Volatile Solution of Tar

For INHALATION, without application of HEAT. A remarkably VALUABLE discovery, as the whole apparatus can be carried in the vest pocket, ready at any time for the most effectual and positively curative use in

All Diseases of the NOSE, THROAT and LUNGS.

THE COMPOUND

Tar and Mandrake Pill.

for use in connection with the ELIXIR TAR, is a combination of the TWO most valuable ALTERATIVE Medicines known in the Profession, and renders this Pill without exception the very best ever offered.

The SOLUTION and COMPOUND ELIXIR of

TAR

is without doubt the Best remedy known in cases of

CHOLERA AND YELLOW FEVER.

It is a Specific for such diseases, and should be kept in the household of every family, especially during those months in which

CHOLERA AND YELLOW FEVER

are liable to prevail. A small quantity taken daily will prevent contracting these terrible diseases.

Solution and Compound Elixir, $1.00 per Bottle
Volatile Solution for Inhalation, $5.00 per Box
Tar and Mandrake Pills, 25 cts per box

Send for Circulars and TESTIMONIALS OF CURES to your Druggist, or to

L. D. ZEILIN & CO.,
SOLE PROPRIETORS,
110 & 224 St., New York.

For sale by Dr. D. T. KREBS, & CO. E. City, N. C.

SHEPPERD STREET MILLS.—

We beg leave to call the attention of the public to the fact that these MILLS have just been remodeled and *thoroughly* repaired and such alterations made as makes them first-class Flouring Mills, where all the fine grades of Family Flour can be made and corn meal not surpassed in the country. We are also prepared to saw all kinds of lumber not exceeding 30 ft. in length on shortest notice. We will keep constantly on hand our new style of shingles; will also furnish plastering laths, fire-wood and other articles in our line.

STORE

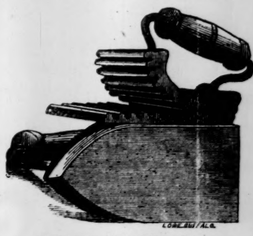
At the corner of Shepperd street and Factory Avenue we keep a good assortment of Groceries and Provisions generally; together with Notions, Dry Goods, &c. Also Dr. Bellejeon's celebrated Fever and Ague medicine. Warranted to cure or no pay.

Grain and Cotton wanted; also saw logs for which the highest market price will be paid. All kinds of country produce taken in exchange for goods.

WM. UNDERWOOD & CO.
11-tf.

THE EMPIRE

FLUTING SAD IRON,



THE BEST AND CHEAPEST.

It will Please all Housekeepers,

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It is arranged so as to be used for a Sad Iron or Fluting Iron or both.

I will Flute or Crimp the finest Fabrics,

without damaging them, and is always handy and adapted to all kinds of work.

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Foods, Dry Goods, Hats and Caps,

Fresh from the New York Markets, at prices lower than have been reached before in this Market.

☞ All the New and Fashionable Goods constantly kept on Hand. ☜

Stock will be kept replenished from the best Markets in the Country. Clothing made to order and fit guaranteed. Call and see our goods.

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HATS, CAPS, CARPETS, FURS, &C.

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AT

ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

The subscriber has leased the large PLANING MILL of the Land & Lumber Company and is prepared to continue the business in all its departments, on a much larger scale than heretofore.

He is prepared to furnish

FLOORING,

SIDING,

DOORS,

SASH,

WINDO

Farmer Crumple's Croakings.

Why should I not croak? Is it not a farmer's privilege, not to say duty? Am I not a farmer with 60 full years of experience and my stiff bones burdened with the accumulated material for croaking? Has not the *Carolinian* been my constant monitor, and have not myself and my sons learned how to plow deep, and go West, and all that good Honest Hoe-all about good farming? And yet I've never croaked in its columns! Is it not my privilege? It has been cold with me when it should have been hot, wet when it should have been dry; there have been sunshine: my crop has been wheat when it should have been corn; corn when it should have been barley; barley when it should have been potatoes; potatoes when it should have been beans. My cows' milk has have been made into butter when it should have been made into cheese, and into cheese when it should have been butter. My farm has been stocked with cows when sheep would have been more profitable, and with sheep when I could have made more money feeding cattle. My wool, butter, cheese, vegetables and grains have been sold when they should have been held, and held when theyd have been sold. In fact, I have had all the experiences of the most accomplished farm croaker; but did any one ever hear Farmer Crumple croak? No Sir! I'll tell you why. It was because I kept a diary.

BUT WHAT'S THE GOOD OF KEEPING A DIARY?

That's just what I'm going to talk about. For 40 years I've kept one—a farm diary. That is what has become of my croakings. It absorbed them. Instead of going to my neighbors and pouring into their willing ears all my troubles, my distrust of the power which directs and of the laws which control the elements and all the operations of mankind, I sat quietly down by my own fireside and wrote up the facts in the case and reviewed them carefully. It is a harmless way of croaking. True, it didn't affect the market, nor stir up strife between producers and consumers; nor did commission men and freighting corporations get in uncomfortable moods in consequence. But I grew to know and do things better by this kind of introspective way of looking at things. Strange as it may seem, I verily believe I am both wiser and richer for adopting this manner of croaking. I found myself studying the markets more closely and the philosophy of supply and demand, whenever I was compelled to record a loss of five cents per pound on my butter because I held it too long, or of three cents per pound on my cheese because I sold it too soon, or of twenty cents per pound on my wool and the interest on the money it would have brought me the year before, because I stored it. I learned that one kind of treatment for certain crops paid me while another kind didn't. I did not have to learn this lesson but once, for I never forgot it when once learned; if I had, there was my record in black and white to consult. Added to that, before I had kept a diary five years, I learned the necessity of having a more comprehensive and compendious mode of keeping a record of facts relating to crops and stock. I learned bookkeeping, and put my figures into such a shape that every crop and animal had its separate account, and I could tell its cost to a penny. This didn't do me any harm. It was often a very necessary eye-opener; and sometimes I opened my eyes wide at the remarkable discrepancies between facts and theories. It was an excellent mode for suppressing my tendency to croak. If I had indulged at all, it would have been to send to an everlasting potato-pit these paper farmers—these men who start from false premises and figure out great successes. It is astonishing how such a diary and such accounts remove the film from a fellow's eyes.

Having established my right to croak, and, accounted the *Carolinian* satisfactorily I hope, for not having croaked before, I propose to claim my reserved rights. Who shall hinder, even if I do draw on my diary at will for the material wherewith to do it?

TAKING CARE OF TOOLS.

Only yesterday my neighbor, Bromley, a well-to-do farmer, said to me, "Crumple, do you know that one of the biggest swindles practiced upon farmers is by manufactures of agricultual implements? They don't half make them; and, even if they do, the timber is not good, or unseasoned, is not half painted, only varnished, and the iron is poor and——"

He was going on to croak in the most extravagant manner. But I looked over the fence at a harrow I knew he had paid $25 for in the Spring, and which had not been used in three months, but laid there in the yard, just where the boys had unhitched from it, exposed to the sun and rain; and I said:

"That's a fact, Bromley. See that new harrow of yours, how it is warped and checked. Why, it looks as if it had been in use ten years. I don't wonder you are down on the manufacturers!"

Then I turned away and took my diary, the first opportunity, and made some figures. That harrow had diminished in value, by exposure, at least 5 per cent in three months. I remembered that I saw in some paper that the last census put the value of the farming implements and machinery in the United States at $336, 878,420. Then suppose that this vast amount of property depreciates annually 5 per cent, from exposure or want of proper care alone, what is the loss to the agriculturist—the poor, down-trodden, hard-working farmers? Why, Sir, as I figure it, it would only be $16, 843,92' 45! Now, it may be that somebody will say that 5 per cent is too big a croak, which I hope is true; then I'll put it at 1 per cent, which is about as little as any observant farmer suggests, and we have the snug sum of $3,368,784, 29 as the unnecessary waste, which may properly be called the Tax of Shiftlessness.

Suppose the farmers of this country were taxed this amount for anything extravagant or unnecessary! Wouldn't they croak? Now, what would this sum pay for—this one per cent? In 1870, the total amount of wages, including the value of board, paid farm labors, was $310,286,285. It would, therefore, pay more than one-tenth of these wages. Add one-tenth to the working force on the farms, and it ought to increase the products of the farm one-tenth, other things being equal; but suppose it increases it but a twentieth part of the present production. It would amount to the neat sum of $122,376,932 on the basis of the figures of the Census of 1870.

At whom, should I croak? What right has Bromley (or you sir, or you) to open his mouth about manufactuers? You may not like my figues, but how will you improve upon them?

James M. White, a merchant from North Carolina, was yesterday victimized, in Philadelphia, to the amount of $280 by a conficent man.

The President yesterday appointed Benjamin Thomas, of Indiana, Agent of the Indians in New Mexico.

MISCELLANEOUS.

TO SPORTSMEN.—

The ubscriber would announce to his friends and the public that he continues at the old stand on Road street and keeps on hand a good assortment of Guns, Rifles, Pistols Sporting apparatus and also a fine selection of cutlery, He may at all times be found either in his store prepared to accommodate customers with New Goods, or in his shop adjoining, willing and happy to repair any article in his line of business.

29—1y. GEO. W. BELL.

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HAVING SECURED THE SERVICES OF THE best mechanics in each of the departments, and giving my own particular attention to all work done at my shop, I feel safe in saying that my work will compare

favorably with that of any of the large cities. All I ask is an examination of my work to convince those in want of any kind of a vehicle that this is the place to buy them.

Repairing done at short notice and at reasonable rates. Give me a call.

JNO. S. WAUGH.

Elizabath City, Nov. 25, 1869.-tf.

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AGAINST

THE UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT.

Loyal citizens of North Carolina and other Southern States, will be pleased to learn that Congress at the last session passed a law for a commission to be appointed to examine and report on all claims that may be presented to them for Quartermaster and Commissary stores furnished the Federal Army during the late war.

The undersigned are prepared to furnish blanks, and give all information to those having claims—and to prosecutel the same to final settlement. Having received the endorsement for ability, &c., from the Hon. Senators Messrs. Pool and Abbott and the Representatives from North Carolina—we believe that we can give satisfaction to all who entrust their claims to us.

McLELLAND & BENEDICT,

Attorneys and solicitors of Claims and Patents

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14-tf.

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10 YEARS OF A

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Coughs, Colds, Chronic Coughs,

It effectually cures them all,

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Has cured so many cases it has been prononnced a specific for these complaints.

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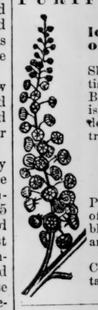

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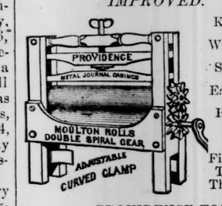

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A thorough cure for Piles, Corns and Bunions.

The subscriber has been successful in becoming the Proprieter of two wonderful medicines, to wit; the "PILE REMEDY" and the "CORN AND BUNION EXTERMINATOR" which are proving effectual in relieving and curing these troublesome diseases. He secured the receipt from the celebrated Dr. KORCHING, the only East Indian "Medicinal man" who ever visited this country. The Kemedies are already doing wonders in persorming remarkable cures as certificates in the Proprietor's possession will testify. Let those who are suffering give it a trial and it will certainly relieve them.

The "Pile Remedy" is put up in $1. bottles. The "Corn Exterminator" is put up in 25c., 50c. and 75c, boxes. Full Directions accompany both.

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NORTH CAROLINA LANDS,

FOR SALE BY

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Real Estate Agent,

ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

In presenting my list of lands and other properties for sale, I would say that no section of the United States offers such inducements for capitalisis and emigrants, as this section of North Carolina. In longevity and healthfulness, it will compare favorably with any where and in easy and cheap transportation of products to market, in pleasantness of climate, in the sociability of the people, in great fertility, and durability of soil, no section can equal it.

A railroad will soon be built to Weldon, putting this place in direct communication by Rail, with the whole United States. This, together with our great fishing, farming and manufacturing interests, and certain early completion of already projected works of improvement for putting in nearer, cheaper and easier communication with the Ocean, will render this one of the most important commercial, and manufacturing points on the Southern country.

A Steam Saw and Grist Mill in the town of Nixonton 8 miles from E. City. This Mill has a fine wharf and store attached on deep navigable water, the engine is 40 horse power, and all in good order. It is one of the finest locations to be found any where for custom work, and for getting good saw logs easily and cheaply. Price $4,000 cash.

Adjoining the mill property is 40 acres of fine land on the River, with three houses. all for $1200. Near the same is a good two story dwelling and 13 acres of land for $2.000, and a good one story dwelling, with one acre of land for $300.

Also two fine farms in Pasquotauk county, 10 miles from E. City, within half mile of church, school house and post office. One tract contains about 400 acres, with fair buildings and mostly cleared, and the other contains 300 acres, with good two story dwelling, large barn, and other outhouses, both are offered at $20 per acre, one third cash, balance in one and two years.

Also one other tract in Pasquotank county, containing 116 acres, within one mile of the town with fine buildings, mostly cleared and in cultivation. Price $25 per acre, one half cash, balance in 12 months.

A valuable site for a hotel at Nag's Head, 40 miles from Elizabeth City, and 50 miles from Edenton. This is situated immediately on the Ocean, and is a famous Summer resort for invalids, and those seeking health, comfort, and amusements during the summer months. It is in direct communication by steamboats and railroad with all parts of North Carolina, Virginia, and the North; and is equal in natural advantages to Newport, or Cape May. Visitors flock to this famous summer resort by hundreds and thousands, and a large amount of money can be made by a hotel. A charter has been obtained from the Legislature of N. C., for a joint stock company to build the hotel. There is now an old hotel on the spot, which could be cheaply repaired and bought for $3.000. This hotel, though imperfectly kept, cleared the proprietor last season, over $3.000. For a man or a company, having some capital, this is one of the finest chances to make money at hotel keeping to be found anywhere. The early attention of the public is invited to this property.

A fine steam saw and grist mill at Hertford, the county seat of Perquimans County, N. C., 18 miles from Elizabeth City. This mill has a fifty horse power engine, now in good running, two pairs of best French burr stones, and two upright saws. The house has a brick basement, and the building is large and in good order. There is one and a half acres of land belonging to this property, and a good two story dwelling, and other out-houses. The section of country adjacent abounds in the finest yellow pine, cypress, ash, poplar, and other valuable timber. This property originally cost $15.000, and is now offered at forced sale for the low price of $3.500, $7.00, cash, and the balance in six equal instalments, six months apart each with interest.

A fine farm and fishery in same county. The farm contains 400 acres of the finest land, lies immediately on Albemarle Sound where the water is 12 miles wide, and 18 to 20 feet deep, has got buildings, and fine neighborhood. The fishery is on the farm and goes with it. It has a new seine 2,500 yards long, and all the necessary boats, buildings, &c., (which cost over $15,000 two years ago.) The fishery alone, of a good season, will make from 5 to $10,000 profit to the owner. This property is offered at forced sale for the low price of $20,000, $7,000 cash, balance on easy times.

A store at South Mills, in Camden county, 20 miles from E. City, and 20 miles from Norfolk, lying on the canal where steamers pass daily. A fine chance for merchandize. Store is large with dwelling above containing six rooms, is in first rate order, has office, kitchen, dairy, and other necessary outhouses. Goods to the amt. of $50,000 per annum can be sold here, and at large profits. A splended stand for a country retail store. Price $2,500—one third cash, balance in one and two years.

A valuable tract of land in Camden county, at South Mills, on the Dismal Swamp Canal, lying on the canal for two miles, containing over 900 acres of land—two-thirds cleared, and in a fine state of cultivation, with good buildings, &c.; balance in valuable timber. Price $12,000, one-third cash, balance in one and two years, interest from January, 1871. This is a valuable farm for corn, wheat, and vegetables, and being midway between Elizabeth City and Norfolk, and located where steamers pass by the door daily, is a desirable and cheap property.

A fine farm of 600 acres within six miles of E. City, one mile from navigable water, and the best cotton farm in the State. It is also well adapted to raising corn and wheat. This farm has a splended two-story dwelling upon it, large barn, 40 by 60 feet, a large number of outhouses, by splended trees and shrubbery, is in a strong Union neighborhood, and altogether the most desirable place in the county. A little over one-half of this land is cleared, and the balance is covered with the finest yellow pine, poplar, ash and other timber. Price $30 per acre—one-third cash, balance in one and two years with interest. Title reserved.

Sixteen houses and lots in Elizabeth City, with good dwellings, out-houses, &c. Prices and terms reasonable.

A valuable farm in Perquimans county, N. C. near navigable water. Has a fine dwelling-house with ten rooms, in splended order, with splended barns and stables—all in first rate order. The farm is very productive in corn, oats, wheat, cotton and clover. It is one of the finest farms in the State and is now in good cultivation, contains 585 acres of land, about three-fourths cleared and under cultivation. Price $10,000, one-third cash January 1, next balance in two equal annual instalments with interest at the rate of six per cent.

A farm of 370 acres 8 miles from town by water, and 12 miles by land, is offered for sale for $10,000 in easy payments. This tract of land lies immediately on the River which is 4 miles wide and washes the farm its whole length on one side, and a branch of the River one mile wide, binds it on one end. The land is well adapted to raising corn, wheat, cotton, oats, peas, &c., lies high and dry, and is susceptible of the highest improvement. Fronting and looking over, as it does, two large sheets of navigable water, where steamers and sailing vessels are constantly passing, carrying freight and passengers to all parts of the country, its location and surroundings, are of the most fascinating and desirable character. There is a fishery on it ready for working a seine 2,500 yards long, and which commands a portion of both streams of water, and can be made immensely profitable. The price charged is low, and the purchase a very desirable one. The buildings consist of a good two-story dwelling and out-houses.

A desirable house and lot in the town of Elizabeth City on the corner of two principal streets, the principal one, and situated in the best business locality in the town. The lot contains about two acres of land, and the buildings consist of a fair dwelling three stories high, containing eight rooms, all in good order, another two story building with four rooms and pantries, dairy, smokehouses, stables, &c. The dwelling has a good cellar under it. There is room on the front lot to erect two good stores, and they would occupy the best stand in the town for merchandize.

A Farm of 200 acres within one mile of Elizabeth City, with good two story dwelling, large barn and stables, and all necessary outhouses, orchard of fine fruit trees, and a large number of ornamental trees and shrubbery around dwelling. This farm is on one of the most public roads in the County—is in a high state of cultivation—has fine and durable fences, &c. Altogether, it is the richest land and most desirable location, anywhere in the neighborhood of the town. Price $6000—one-half cash, balance in easy payments.

For further particulars, enquire of

GEO. D. POOL,

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Elizabeth City, N. C., Mar. 9 1871.

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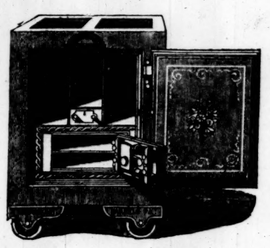

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NOTICE TO TEACHERS.

The Public School Teachers of Pasquotank County are hereby informed, that the first Thursday, Friday and Saturday of January and July are set apart, by the State, for the examination of candidates for said Schools, at the Court House in Elizabeth City. Teachers, desiring to be examined free of charge, are advised then and there to attend; as the only free examinations will be on the aforesaid days, at the aforesaid place—but a candidate may be examined, at any time, by paying one dollar to the Examiner for certificate.

JOHN BENBURY,
County Examiner.

Oct. 27th, 1872.

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April 13, 1871-1y.

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SCRIBNER'S MONTHLY.

A Serial Story By DR. HOLLAND.
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BRILLIAFT ARRAY of CONTRIBUTORS.
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The Publishers of *Scribner's Monthly*, in their Prospectus just issued, promised for the ensuing year a more prilliant array of contributors, and an increase in the variety and beauty of its illustrations, already conceded by the critics to be "*finer than any which have hitherto appeared in any American magazine.*"

Dr. HOLLAND, the Editor, will write the serial story of the year, which will be autobiographical in form, and will be illustrated by Miss Hallock. It is entitled ARTHUR BONICASTLE, and will deal with some of the most difficult problems of American Life. It will be commeneed in the November Number.

There will be a new story by SAXE HOLM, THE ONE LEGGED DANCERS.

BRET HARTE, *the best writer of short stories now living*, will contribute a characteristic intitled THE EPIC OF FIDDLETOWN, which will be illustrated by Sheppard.

R. H. STODDARD will write a series of entertainiog papers about AUTHORS, THEIR PERSONAL CHARACTERISTICS, HOME LIFE, FYMILIES, FRIENDS, WHIMS, AND WAYS. A series of PORTRAITS OF LIVING AMERICAN WRITERS, is also promised.

Clarance Cook will write about FURNITRE, AND THE DECORATION OF AMERICAN HOMES. These papers will be eminently practical as well as artistic, and will be illustrated with designs and sketches by numerous artists in addition to those which the writer himself will furnish.

Among those who will contribute are:

Hans Andersen, Bryant, Bushell, Eggleston, Froude, Higginson, Bishop Hunlington, Bret Hart, John Hay, H. H. McDonald, Mitchell, Miss Phelps, Stedman, Stockton, Stoddard, Celia Thaxter, Warner, Wilkinson, Mrs. Whitney, besides a host of others.

The editorial control and direction of the Magazine will remain in the hands of Dr. Holland, who will continue to write "THE TOPPICS OF THE TIME," which the N. Y. *Independent* says, "are more widely quoted than any similar papers in any American magazine."

Watson Gilder will write "THE OLD CABINET;" as hitherto. Prof. John C. Draper conducts the Department of "NATURE AND SCIENCE." The department of "HOME AND SOCIEMY" and "CULTURE AND PROGRESS," will engage the contriouti ons of more than a score of pens on both sides of the Atlantic. The Watchman and Reflectors says. "*Scribner's Monthly* for September is better than usual, which indicates a needles waste of editoual brdins and Publisher's money, for the Magazine was good enough before!" And yet the Publishers promise to make it still better for the coming year!!

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